

Identifying Measures for Improvement through the use of Driver Diagrams

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11.30 CONFERENCE WORKSHOP

Identifying Measures for Improvement Through the use of Driver Diagrams

- Driver diagrams application to the surgical patient pathway
- Using driver diagrams as a tool for quality, safety & efficiency
- Developing measures for improvement with real examples

Denis O'Leary, Senior Project Manager,
Ballarat Base Hospital, Victoria



Acknowledge

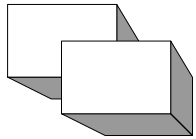
Robert Lloyd and IHI for some slides used in this presentation



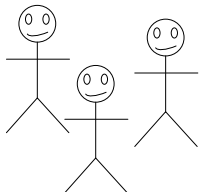
Systems



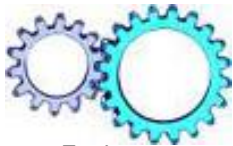
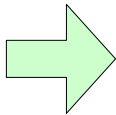
Inputs



Material



Participants

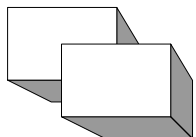


Equipment

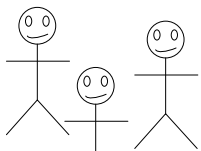


Inputs

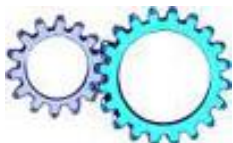
Processes



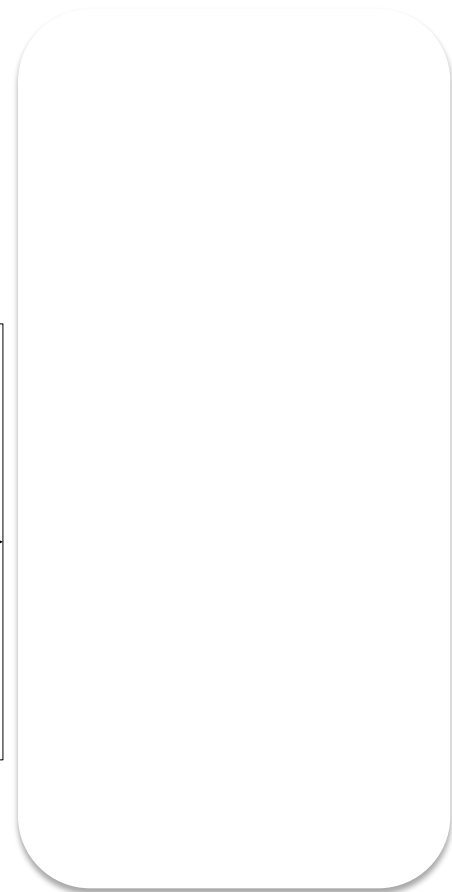
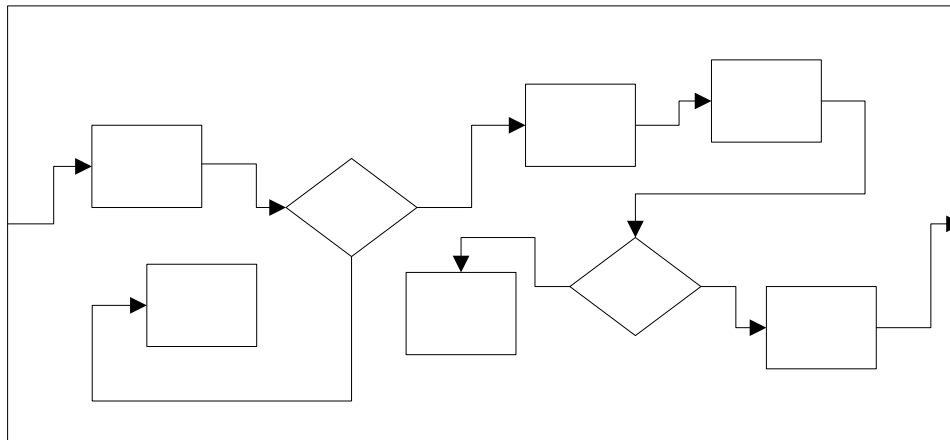
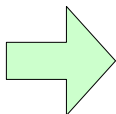
Material



Participants



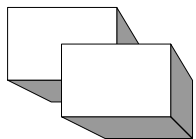
Equipment



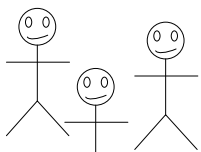
Inputs

Processes

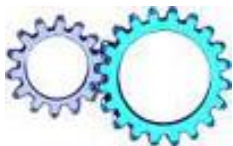
Outcomes



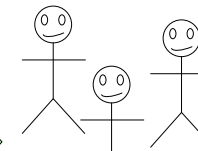
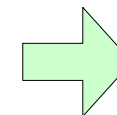
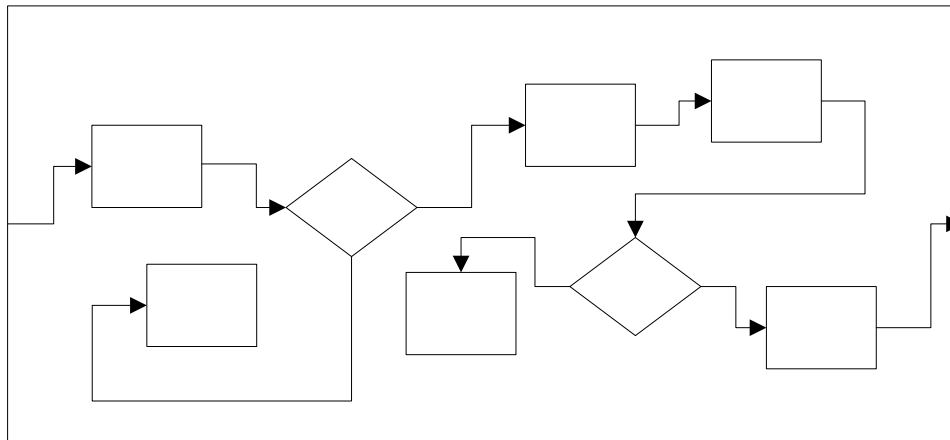
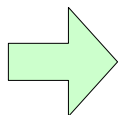
Material



Participants



Equipment



Stakeholders

System Inputs

Material

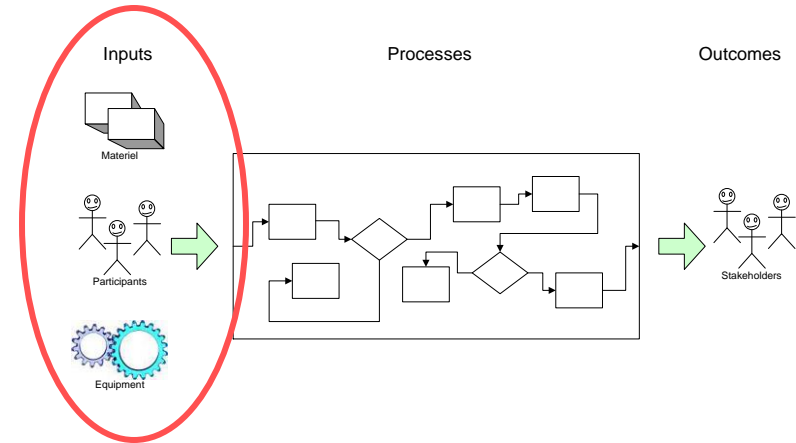
- Supplies
- Drugs

Participants

- Providers
- Staff
- Patients
- Management

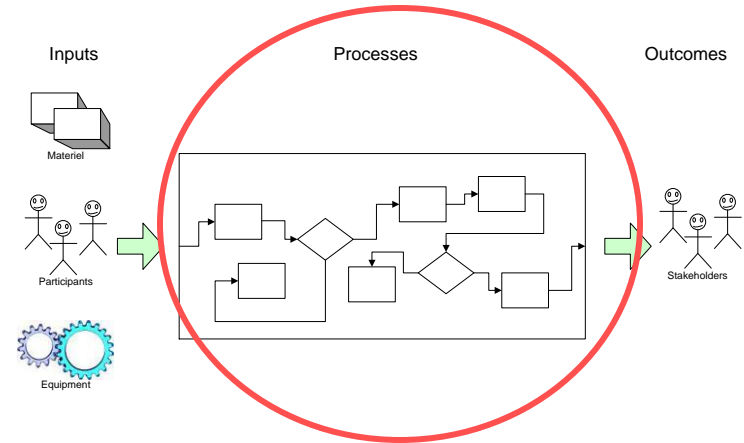
Equipment

- Buildings
- Computers
- Medical equipment



Processes

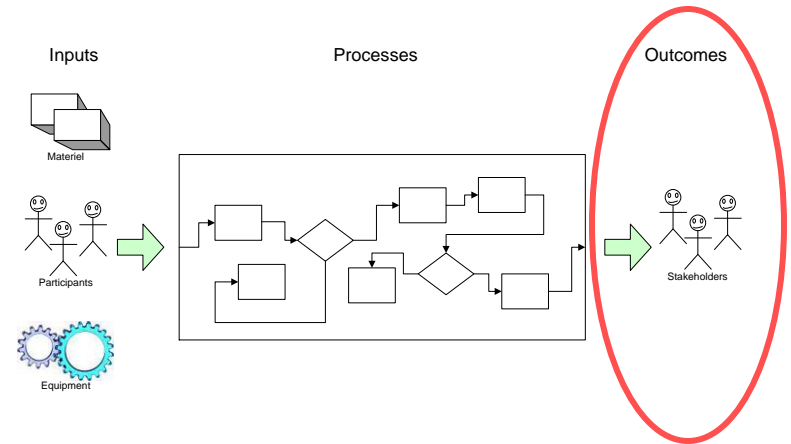
- A series of activities and decisions that lead to outcomes
 - Standard Operating Practices
 - Patient encounters
 - Clinical protocols



Outcomes

- Outcomes are qualities that have *value* for Stakeholders

- Most participants
- Patients
- Public
- Media
- Board of Directors
- Department of Health



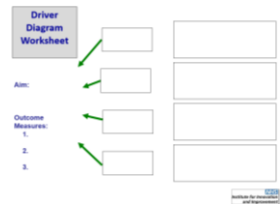
It's important to define the system that you're trying to work in, and that system can be defined very nicely through something called a driver diagram. The driver diagram is a pictorial display of a system.



Driver Diagrams



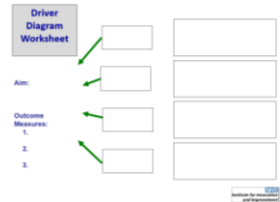
Driver Diagrams



- A driver diagram helps to focus on the cause and effect relationships that exist in complex situations. It provides a simple way to break down aims into well defined drivers that can then form the focus of efforts. It includes:



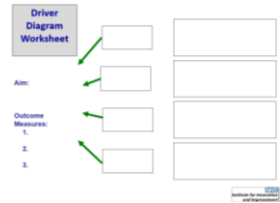
Driver Diagrams



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 - The aim or goal of the effort (which can be taken from the aim statement). Where appropriate, a number of aims may be shown on the same driver diagram.



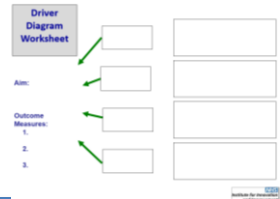
Driver Diagrams



- A driver diagram helps to focus on the cause and effect relationships that exist in complex situations. It provides a simple way to break down aims into well defined drivers that can then form the focus of efforts. It includes:
 - The aim or goal of the effort (which can be taken from the aim statement). Where appropriate, a number of aims may be shown on the same driver diagram.
 - The primary drivers which are the system components that contribute directly to the chosen goal or aim



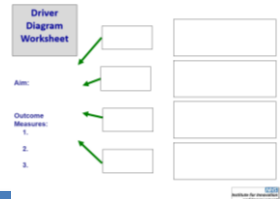
Driver Diagrams



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 - **The primary drivers which are the system components that contribute directly to the chosen goal or aim**
 - **The secondary drivers which constitute elements of the primary drivers which can be used to create change projects**



Driver Diagrams



- **A driver diagram helps to focus on the cause and effect relationships that exist in complex situations. It provides a simple way to break down aims into well defined drivers that can then form the focus of efforts. It includes:**
 - **The aim or goal of the effort (which can be taken from the aim statement). Where appropriate, a number of aims may be shown on the same driver diagram.**
 - **The primary drivers which are the system components that contribute directly to the chosen goal or aim**
 - **The secondary drivers which constitute elements of the primary drivers and which can be used to create change projects**
 - **The relationship arrows which show the connection between the primary and secondary drivers. A single secondary driver may impact upon a number of primary drivers.**

Driver Diagram Worksheet

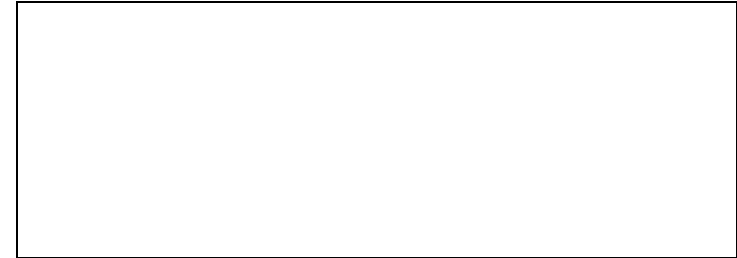
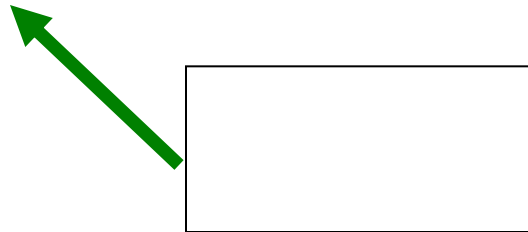
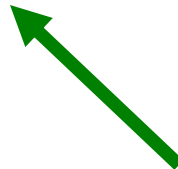
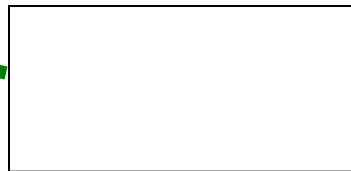
Primary Drivers

Secondary Drivers

Aim:

Outcome
Measures:

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

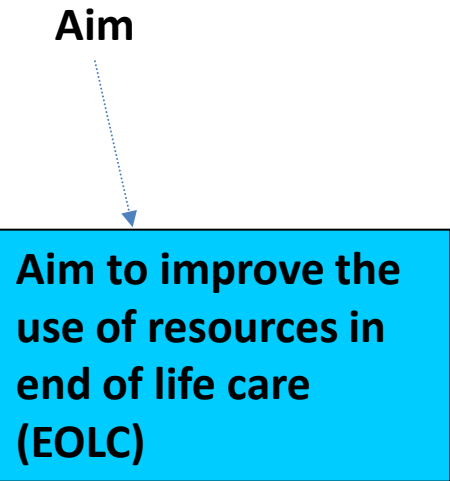


Example(s)



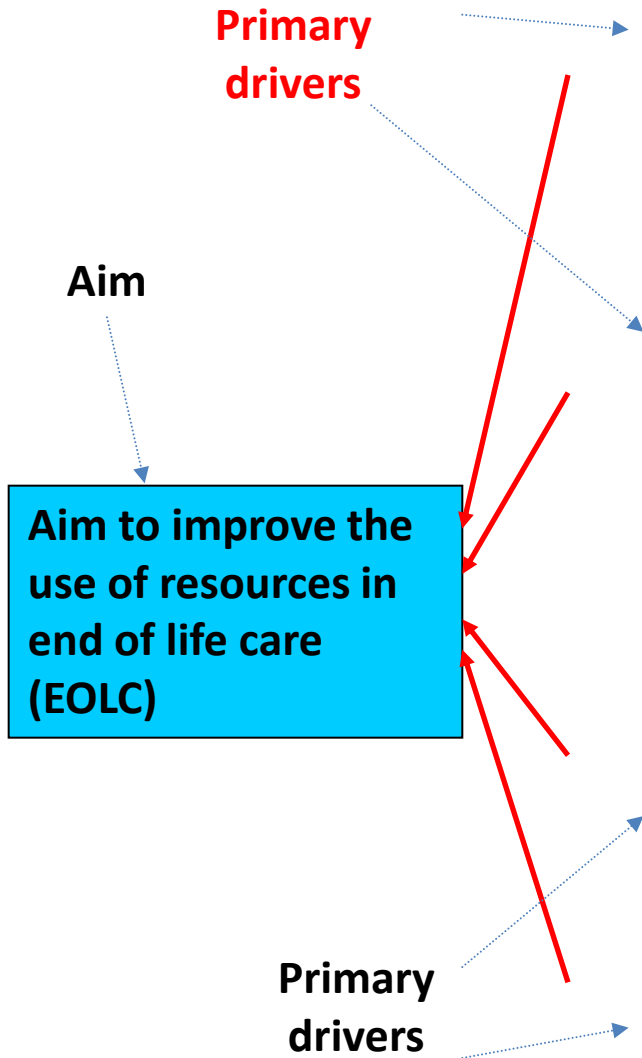
An example of a driver diagram

Aim

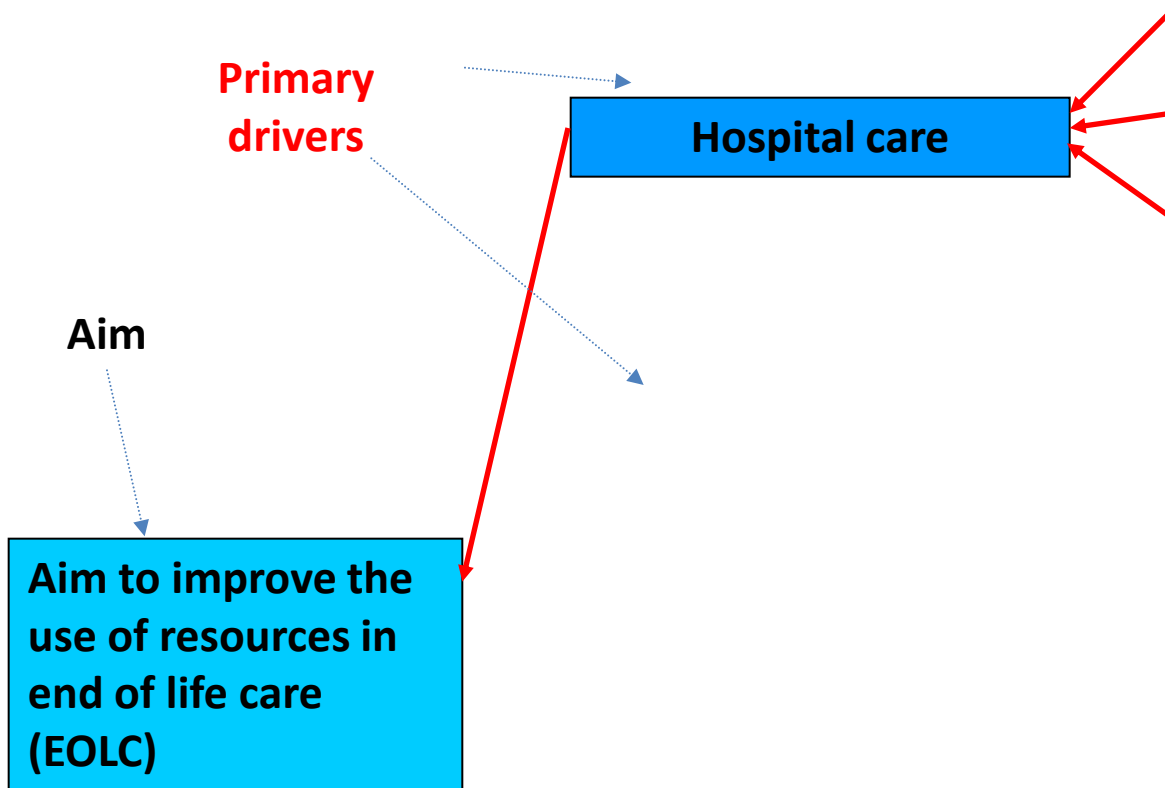


**Aim to improve the
use of resources in
end of life care
(EOLC)**

An example of a driver diagram

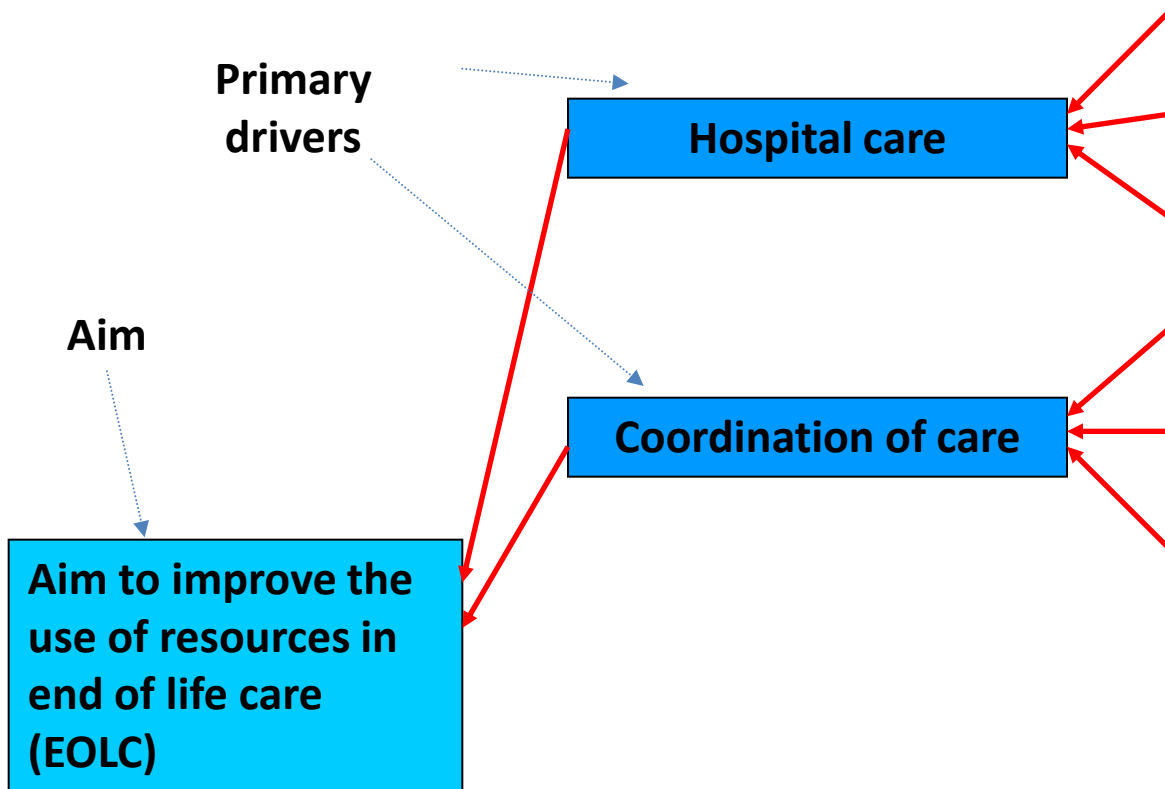


An example of a driver diagram



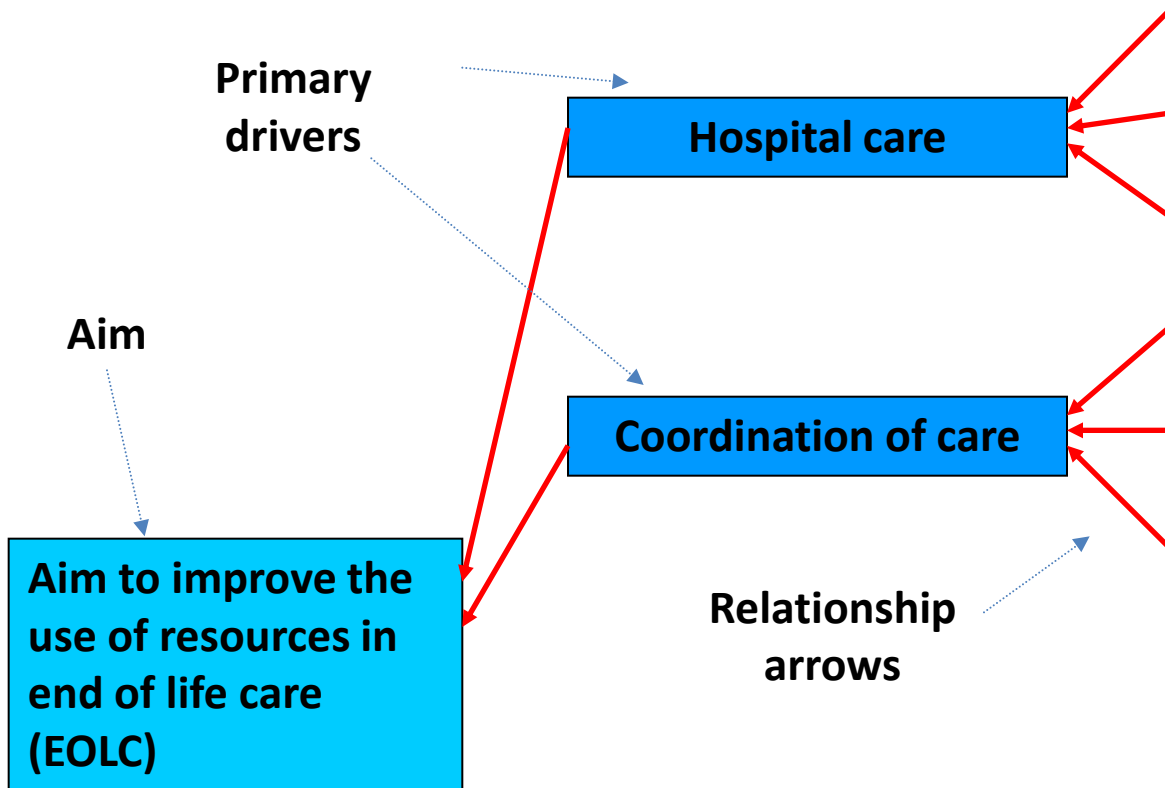
Primary
drivers

An example of a driver diagram



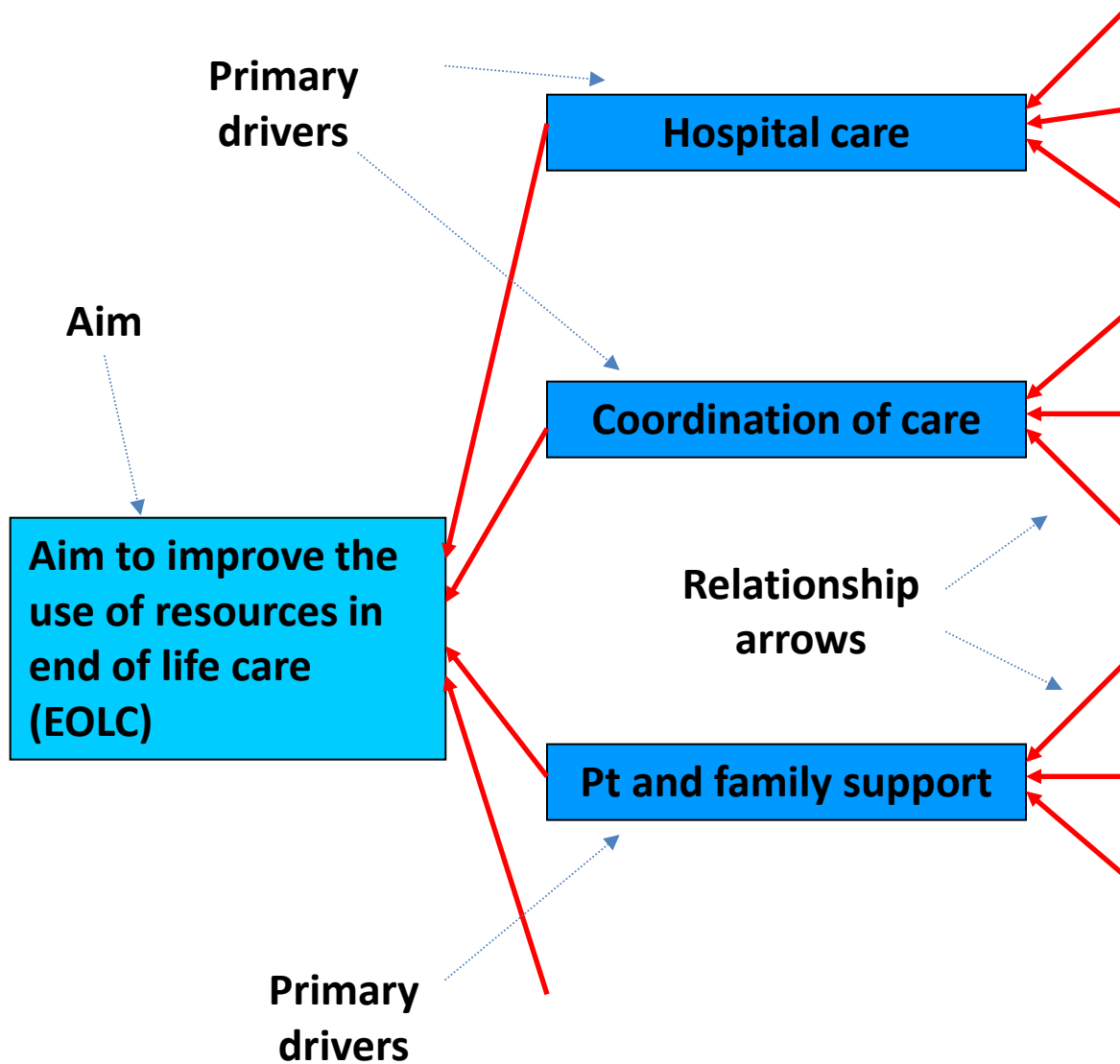
Primary
drivers

An example of a driver diagram

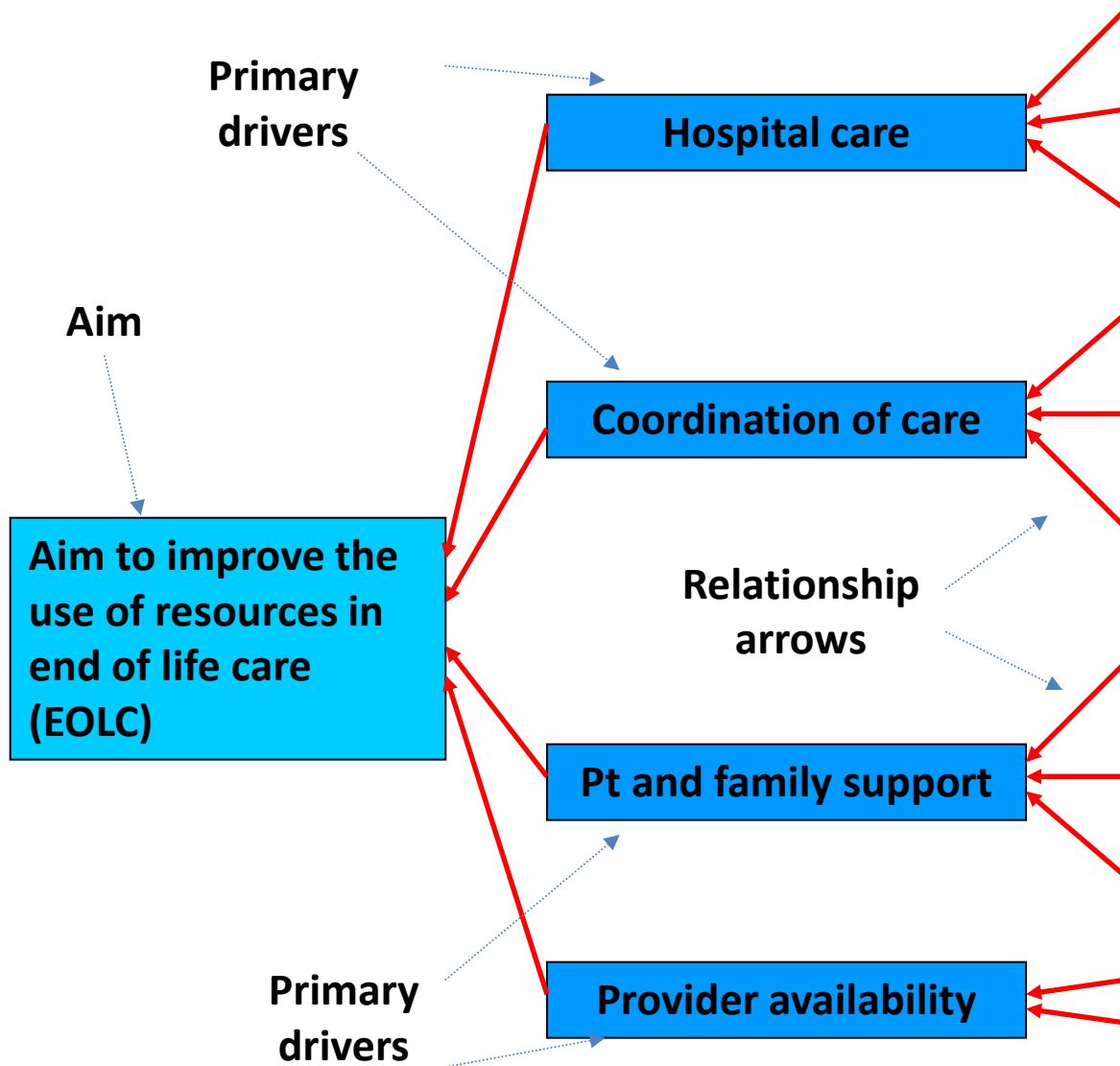


Primary
drivers

An example of a driver diagram

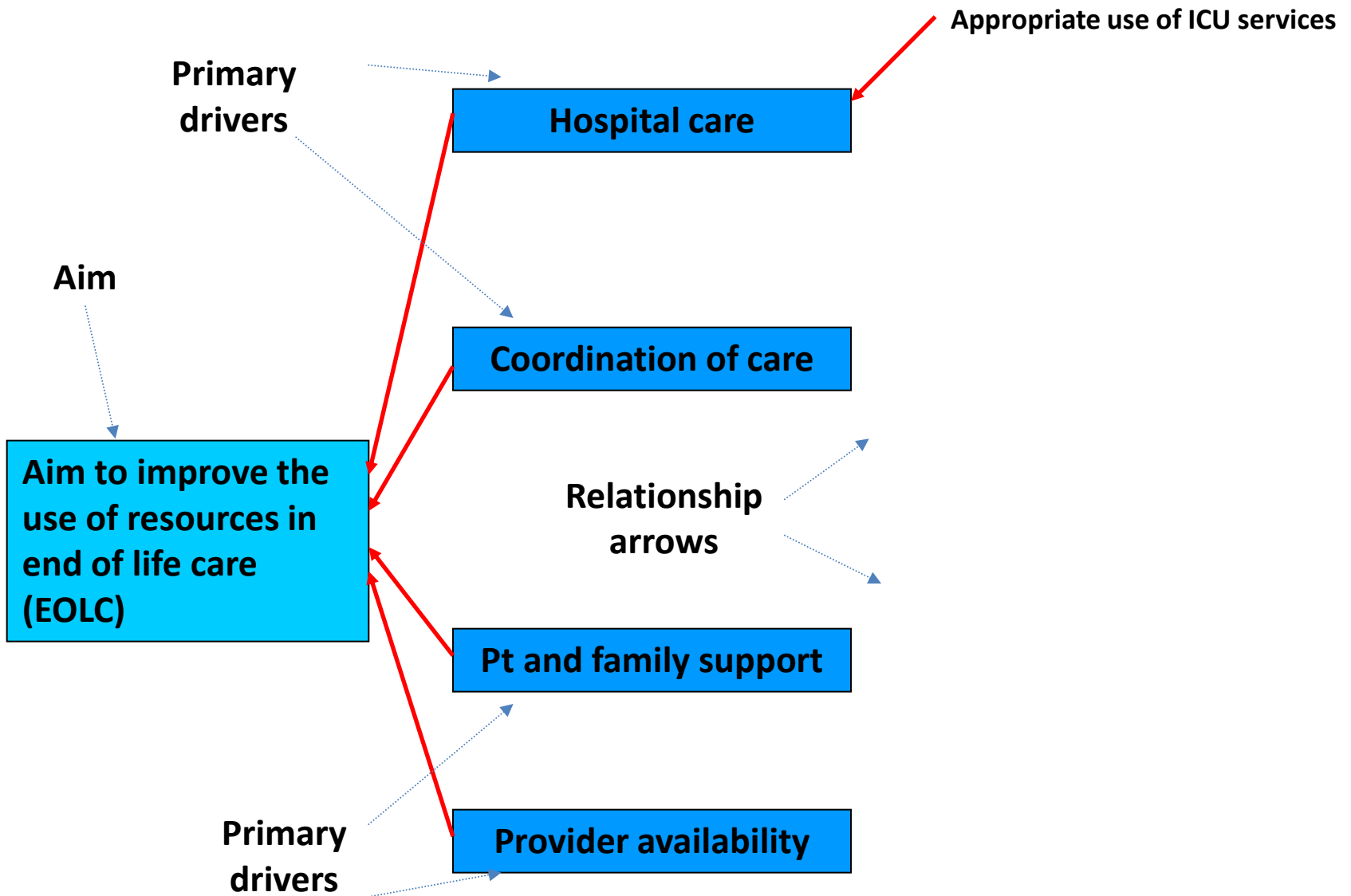


An example of a driver diagram



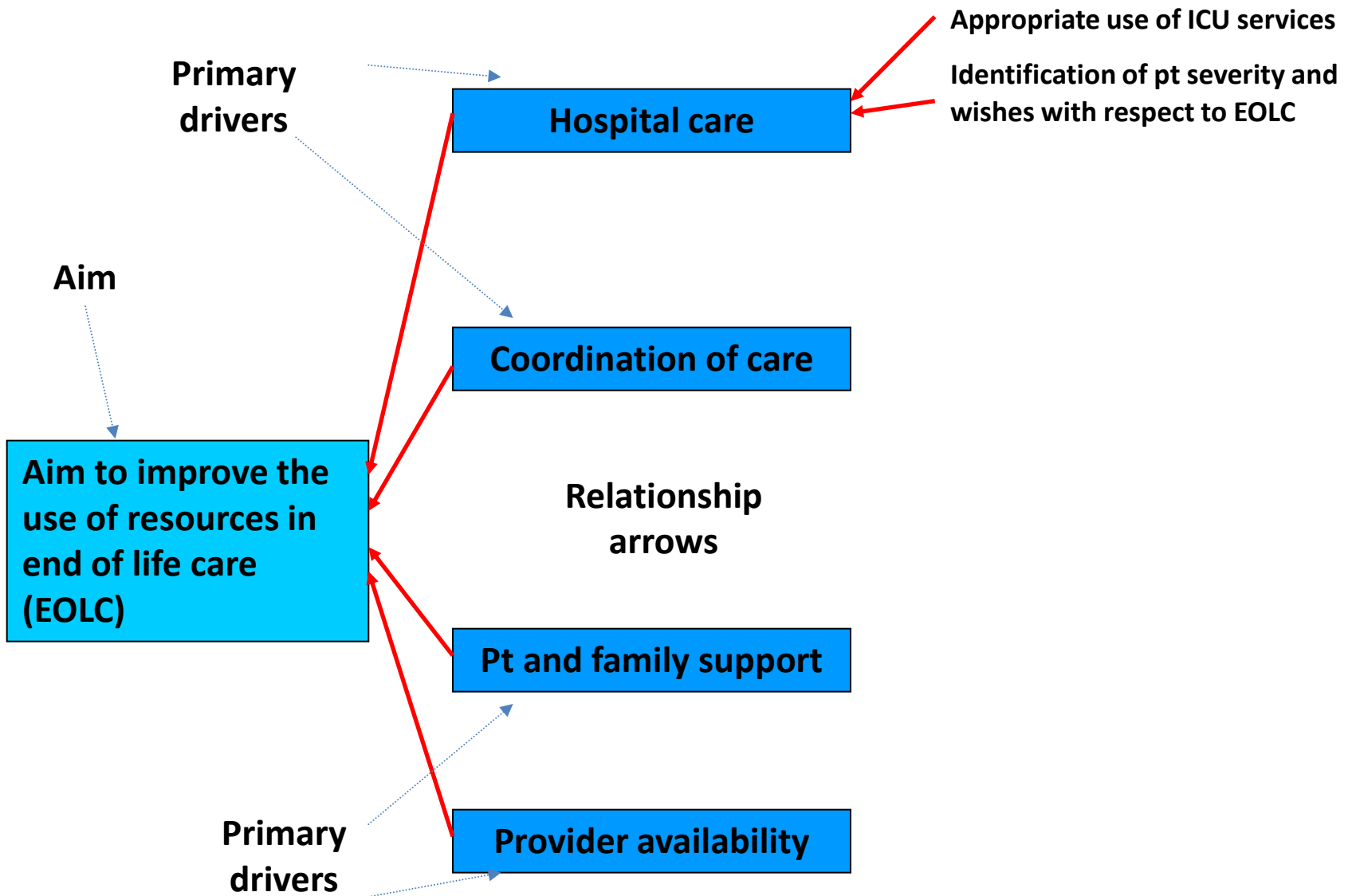
An example of a driver diagram

Secondary drivers

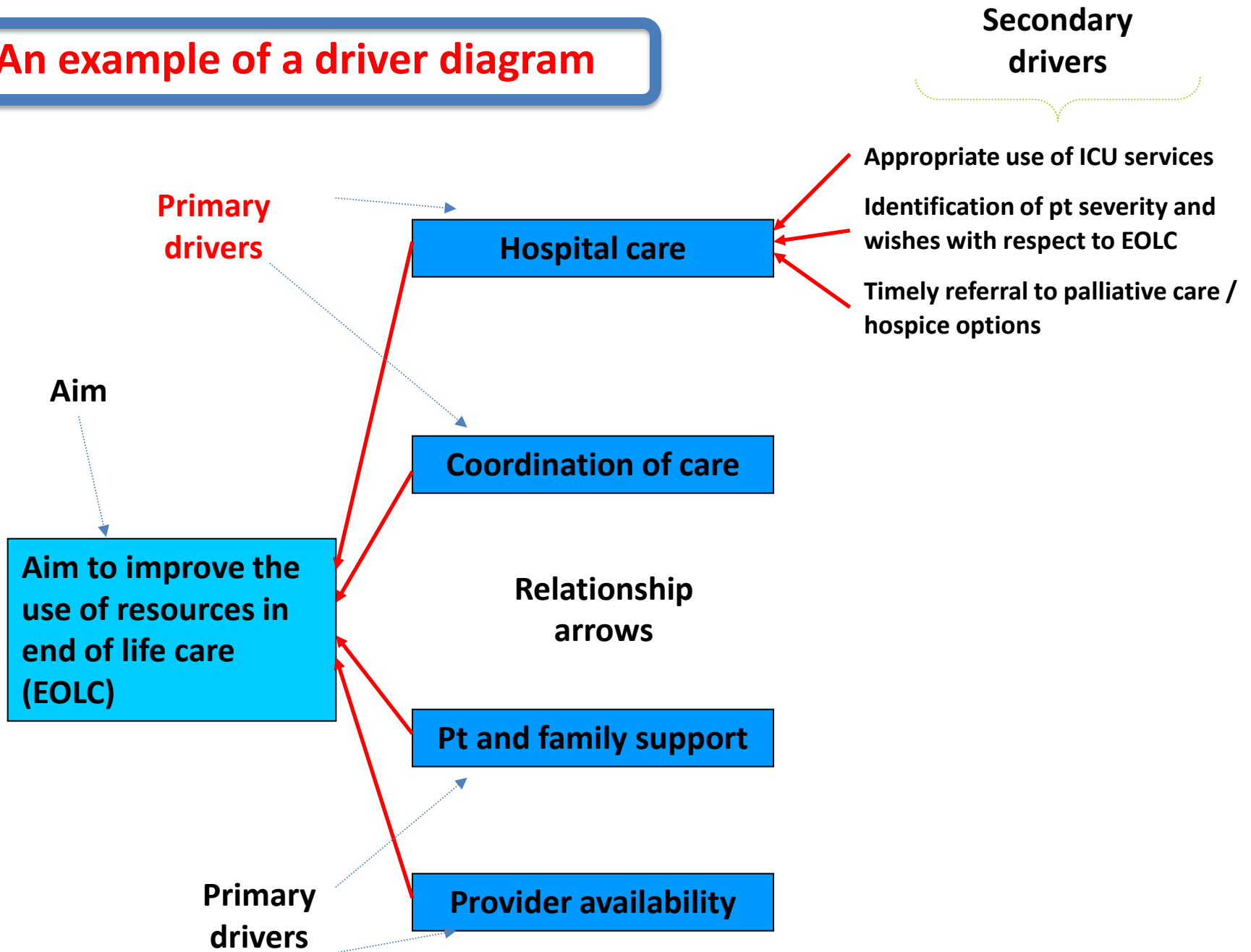


An example of a driver diagram

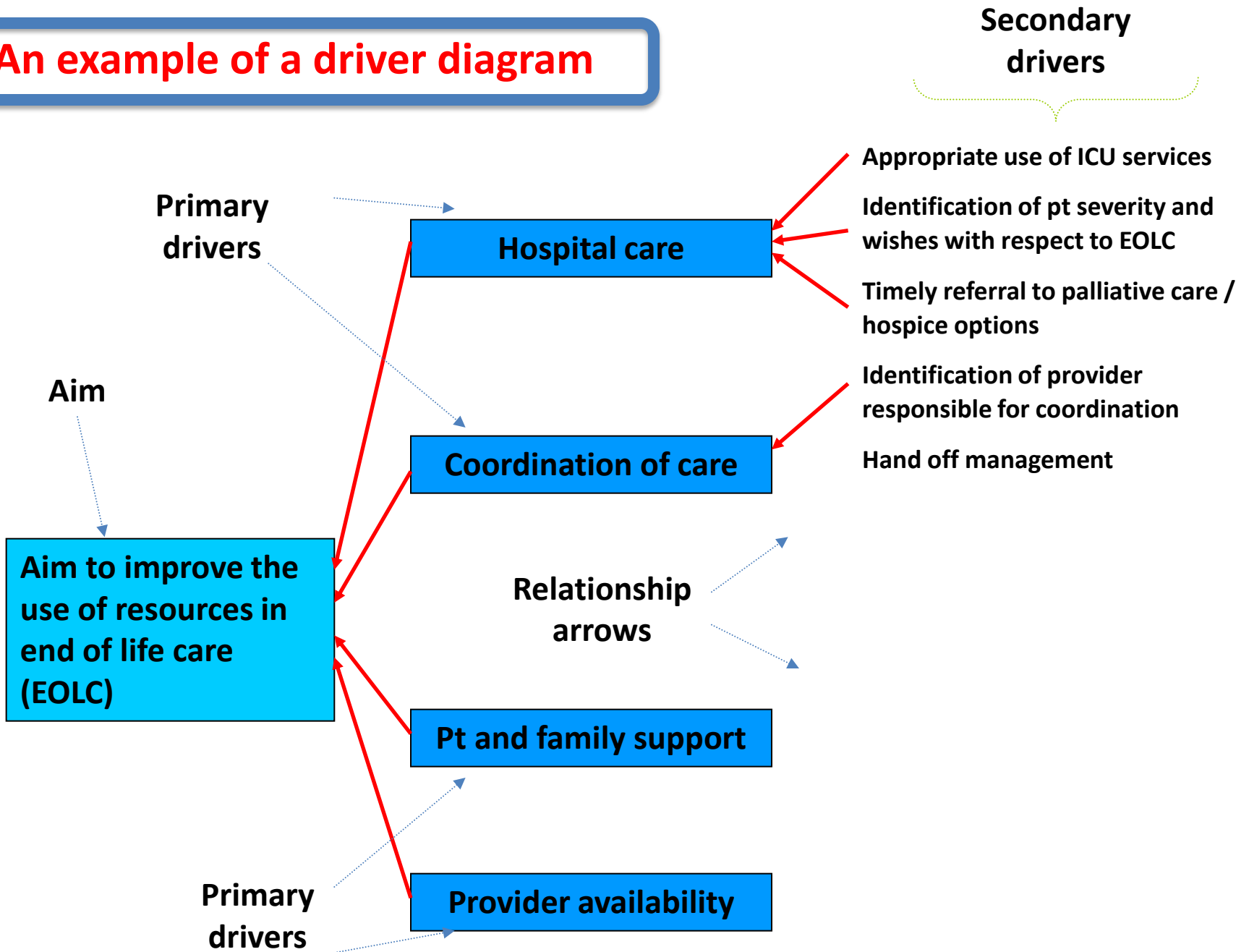
Secondary drivers



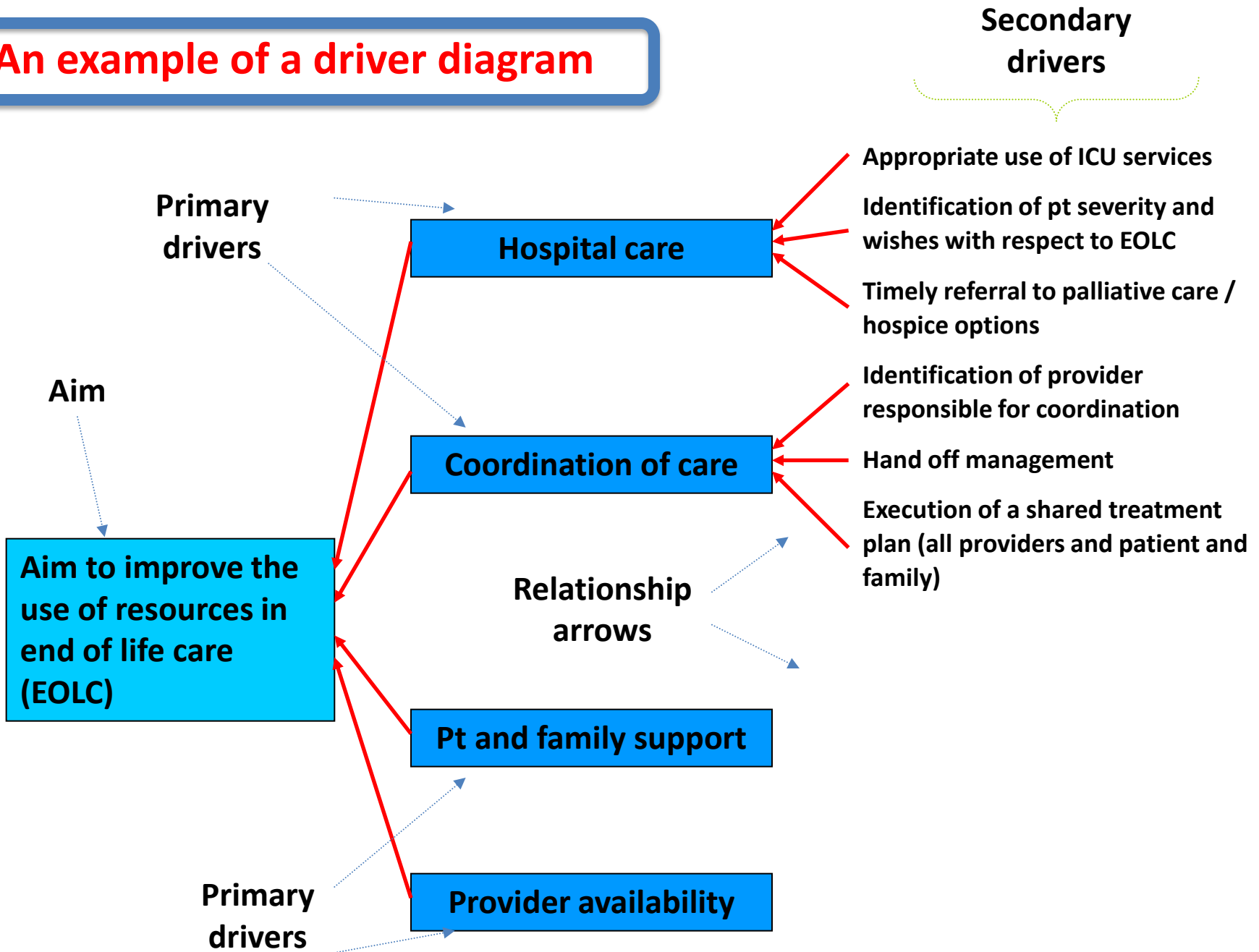
An example of a driver diagram



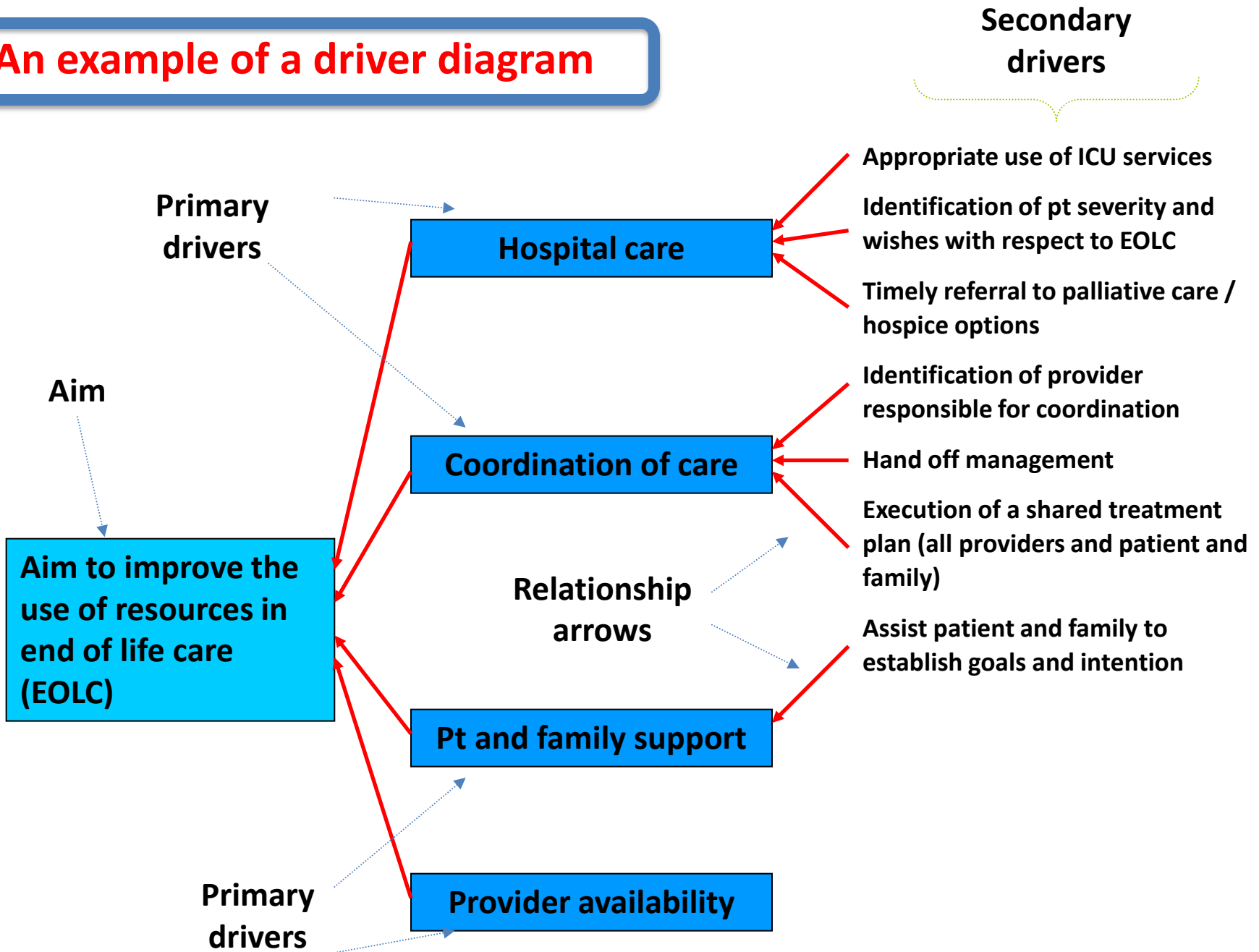
An example of a driver diagram



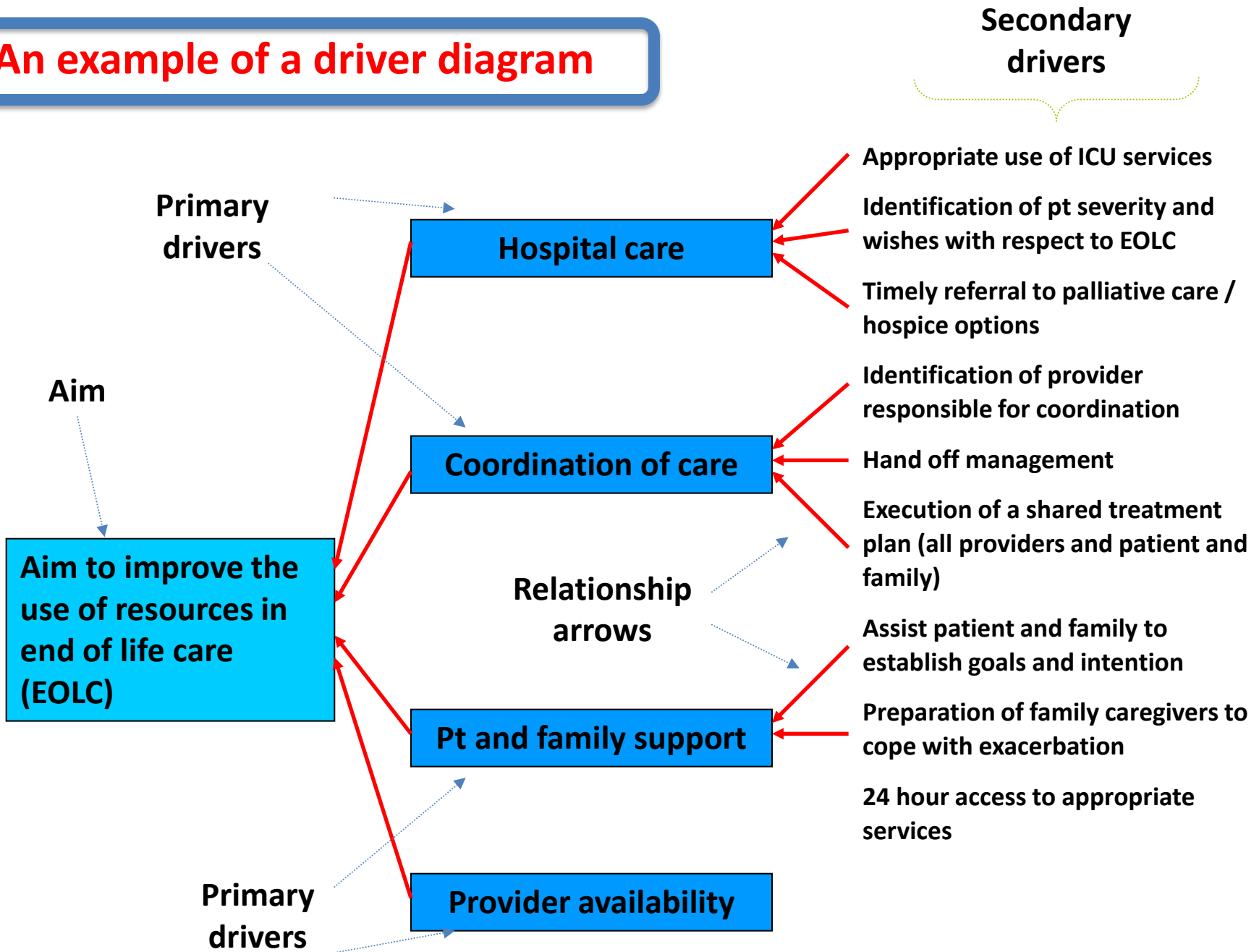
An example of a driver diagram



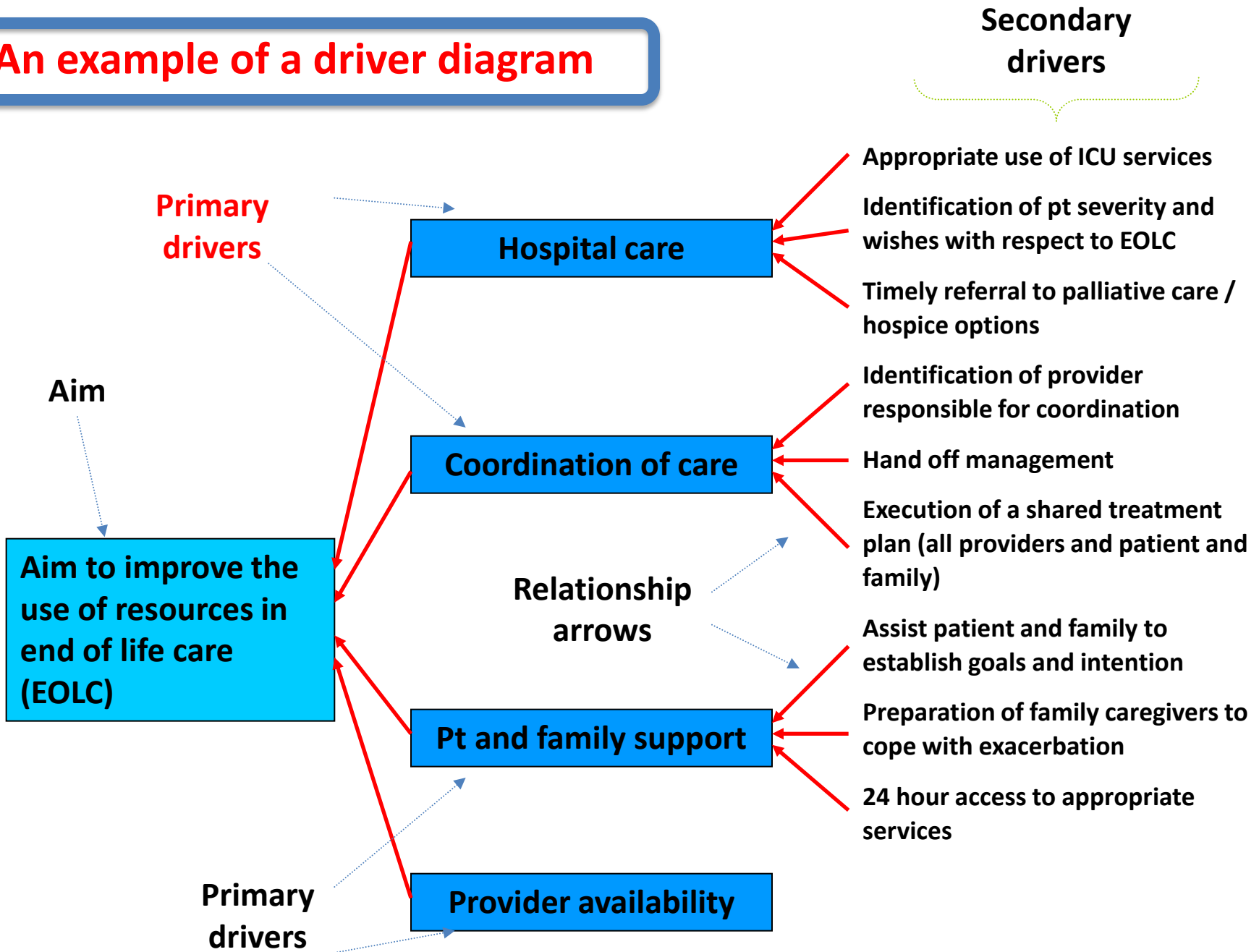
An example of a driver diagram



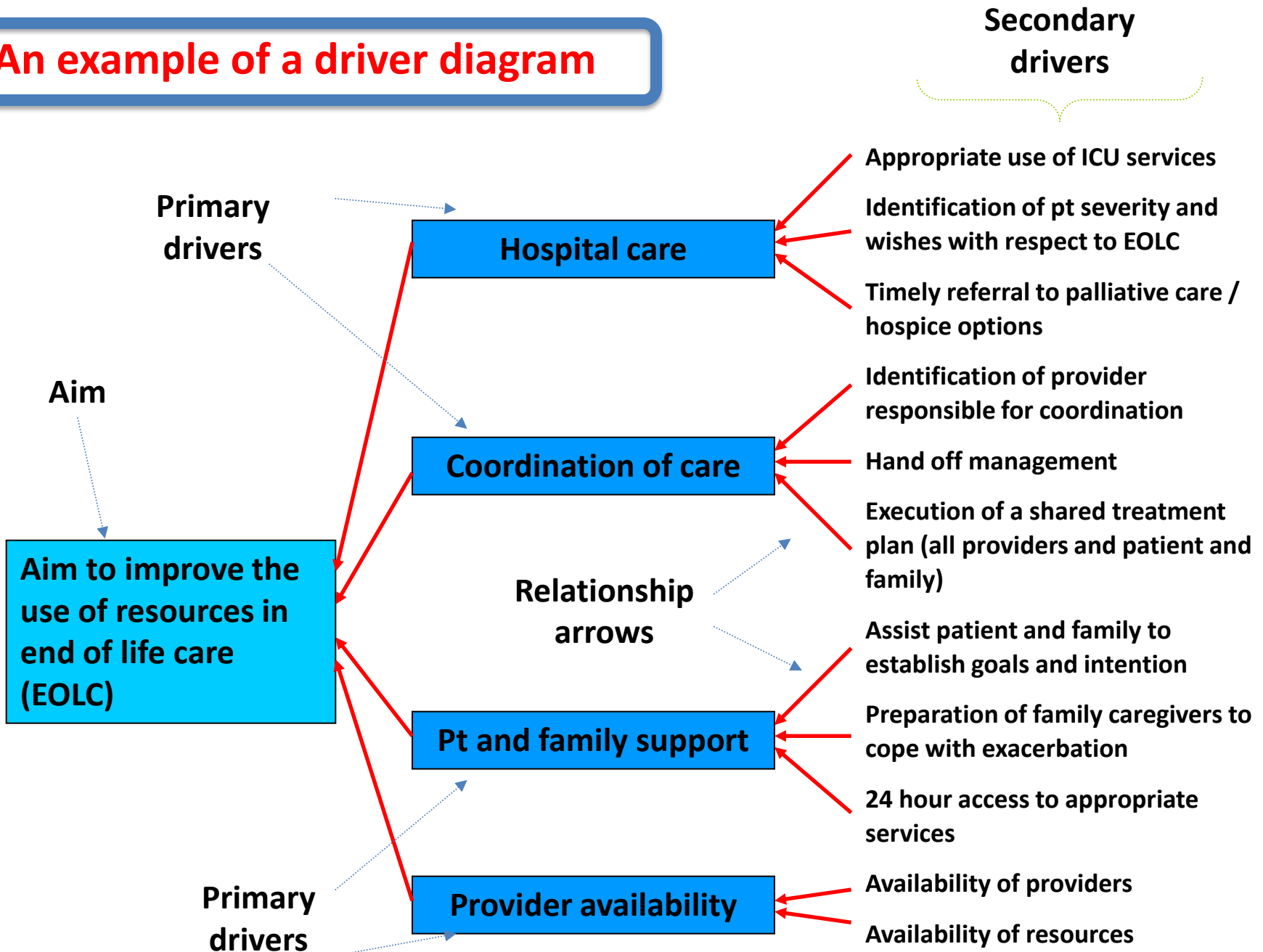
An example of a driver diagram



An example of a driver diagram



An example of a driver diagram



**Elements of a driver diagram link
together Cause and Effect**



Elements of a driver diagram link together Cause and Effect



If we take just one primary driver “ Coordination of Care” and its associated secondary drivers we can see the cause and effect linkages



Elements of a driver diagram link together Cause and Effect



If we take just one primary driver “Coordination of Care” and its associated secondary drivers we can see the cause and effect linkages

Poor handover management

Poor execution of a shared treatment plan

Not identifying a coordinating provider

CAUSE



Elements of a driver diagram link together Cause and Effect

If we take just one primary driver “Coordination of Care” and its associated secondary drivers we can see the cause and effect linkages



Poor handover management

Poor execution of a shared treatment plan

Not identifying a coordinating provider

CAUSE

Contributes directly to . . .



Elements of a driver diagram link together Cause and Effect

"This action can Cause"



If we take just one primary driver "Coordination of Care" and its associated secondary drivers we can see the cause and effect linkages

Poor handover management

Poor execution of a shared treatment plan

Not identifying a coordinating provider

Contributes directly to . . .

Poor coordination of care

CAUSE

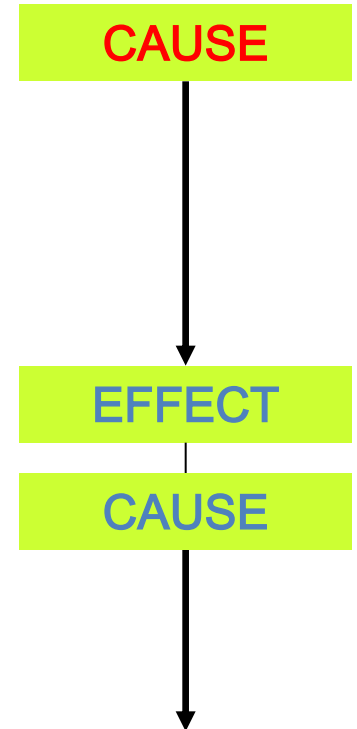
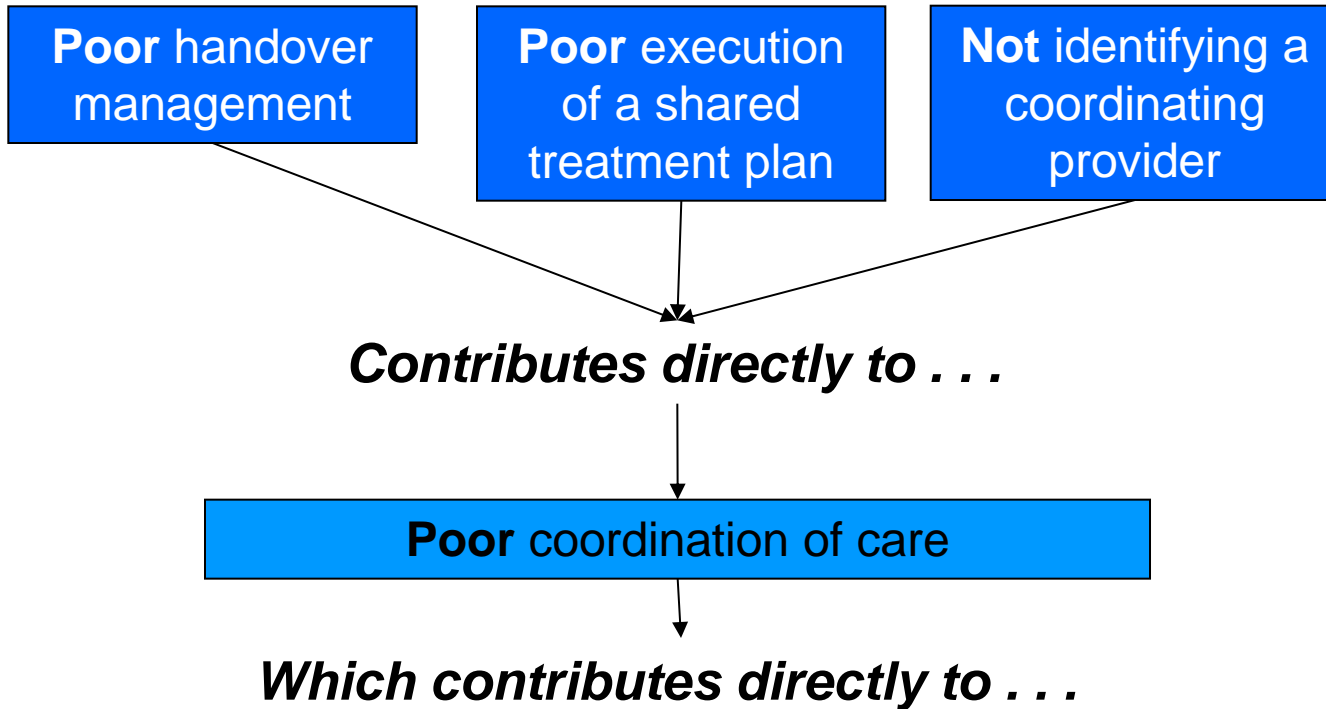


EFFECT



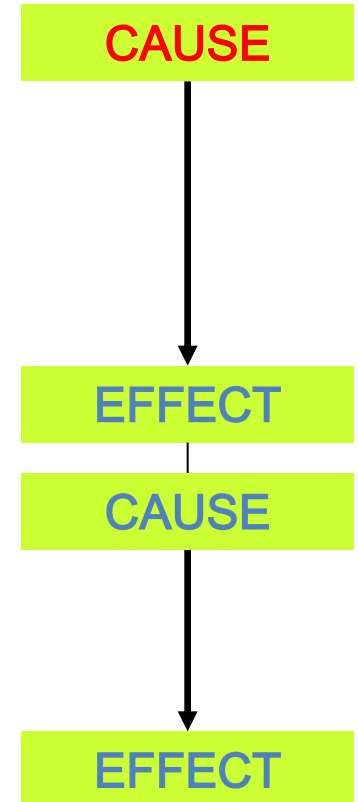
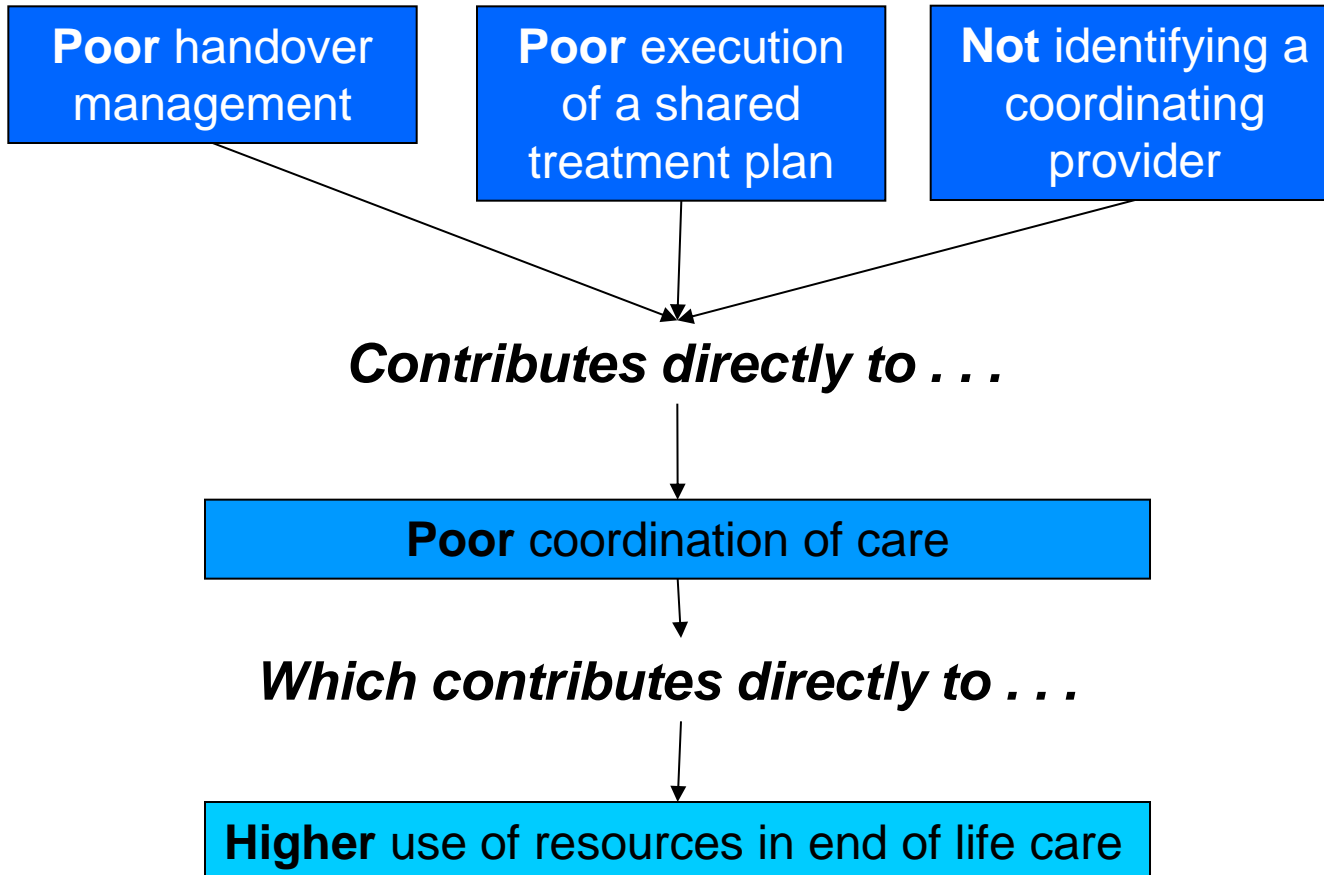
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Elements of a driver diagram link together Cause and Effect

If we take just one primary driver “Coordination of Care” and its associated secondary drivers we can see the cause and effect linkages



An example of selected elements of a driver diagram with some associated measures

Aim to reduce the burden of dental disease



Measures can be created all across the driver diagram to create a system of linked measurements



An example of selected elements of a driver diagram with some associated measures

Aim to reduce the burden of dental disease

% of pts with new cavitation



Measures can be created all across the driver diagram to create a system of linked measurements



An example of selected elements of a driver diagram with some associated measures

Aim to reduce the burden of dental disease

% of pts with new cavitation

% of patients complaining of pain



Measures can be created all across the driver diagram to create a system of linked measurements



An example of selected elements of a driver diagram with some associated measures

Aim to reduce the burden of dental disease

% of pts with new cavitation

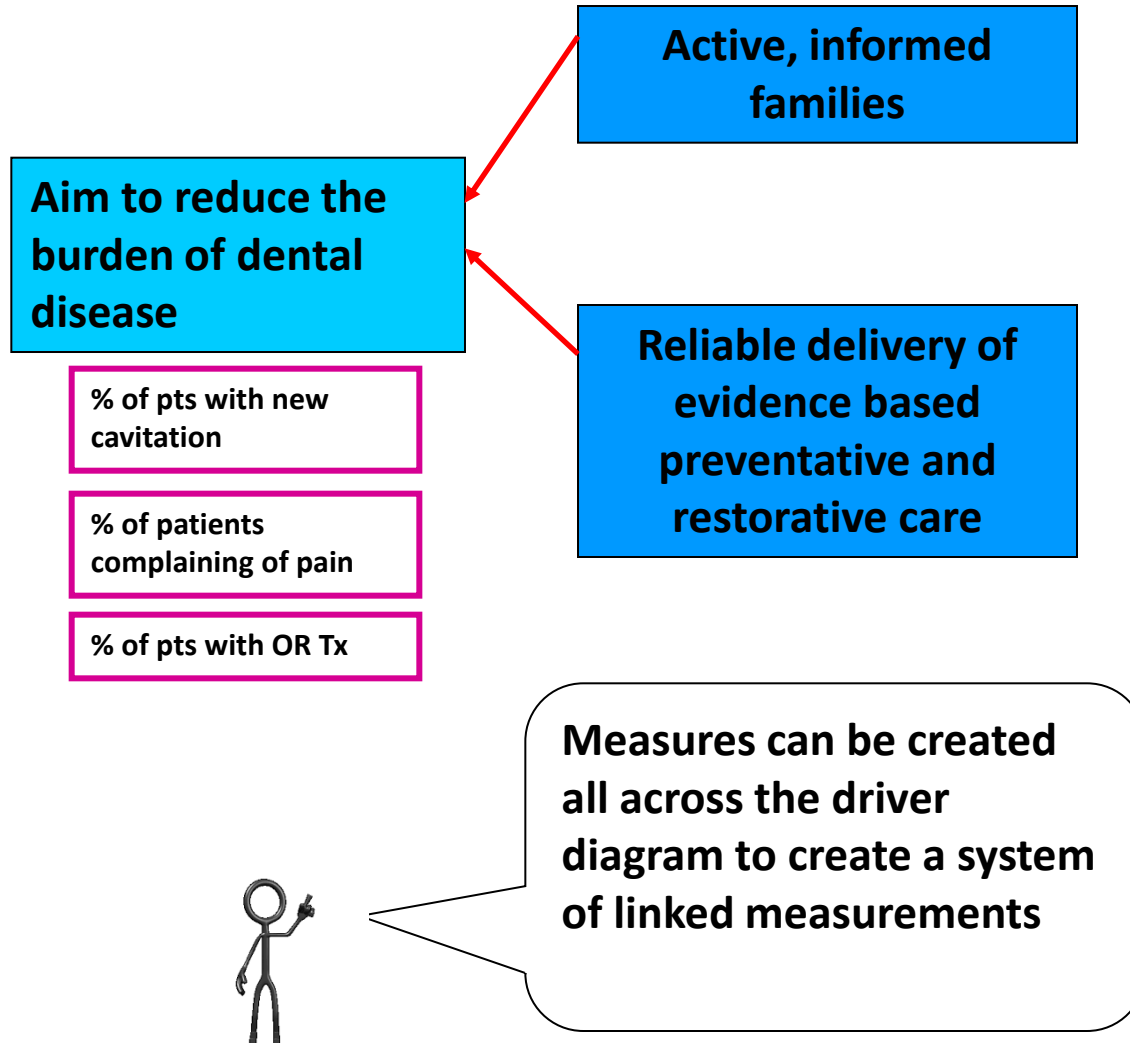
% of patients complaining of pain

% of pts with OR Tx

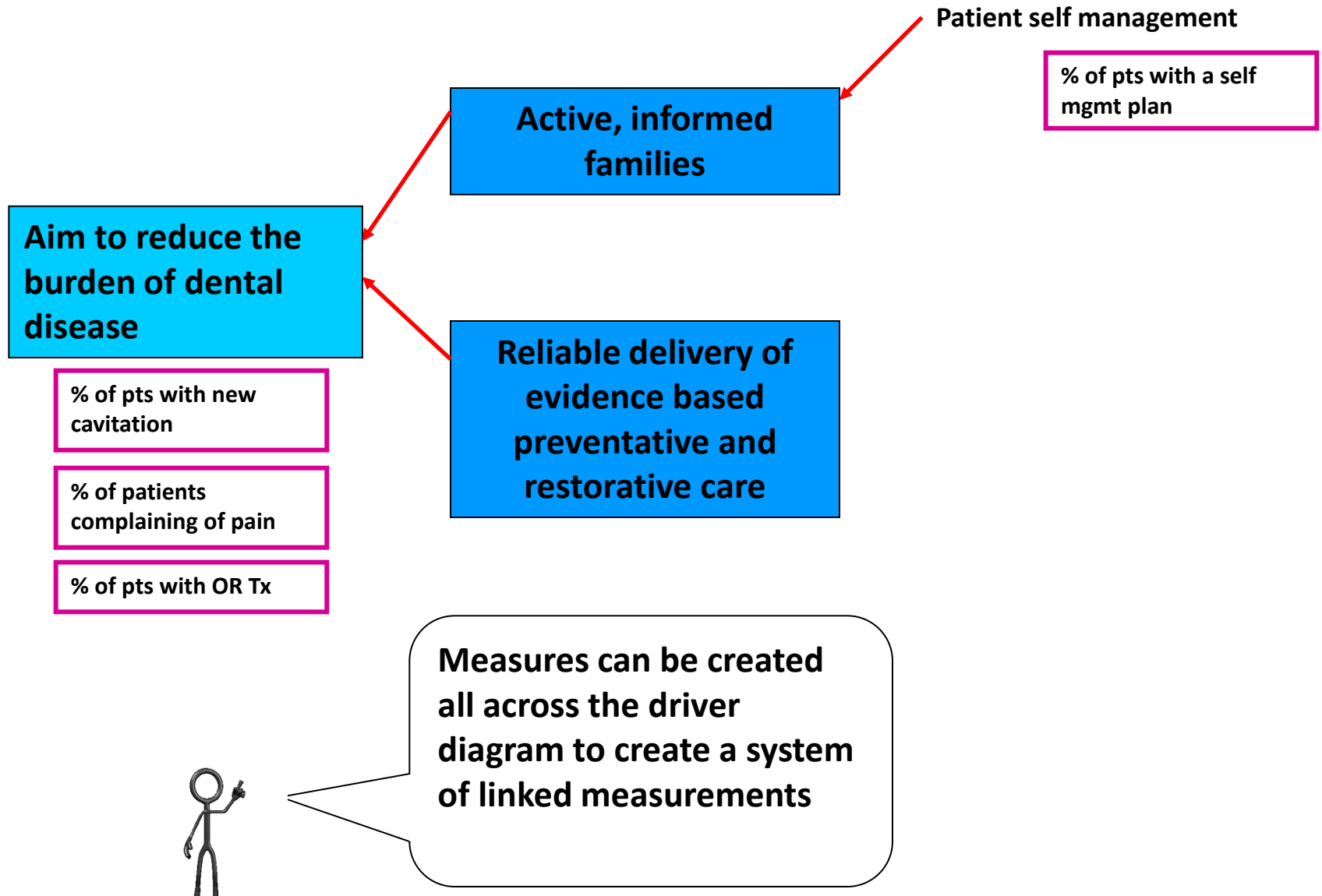


Measures can be created all across the driver diagram to create a system of linked measurements

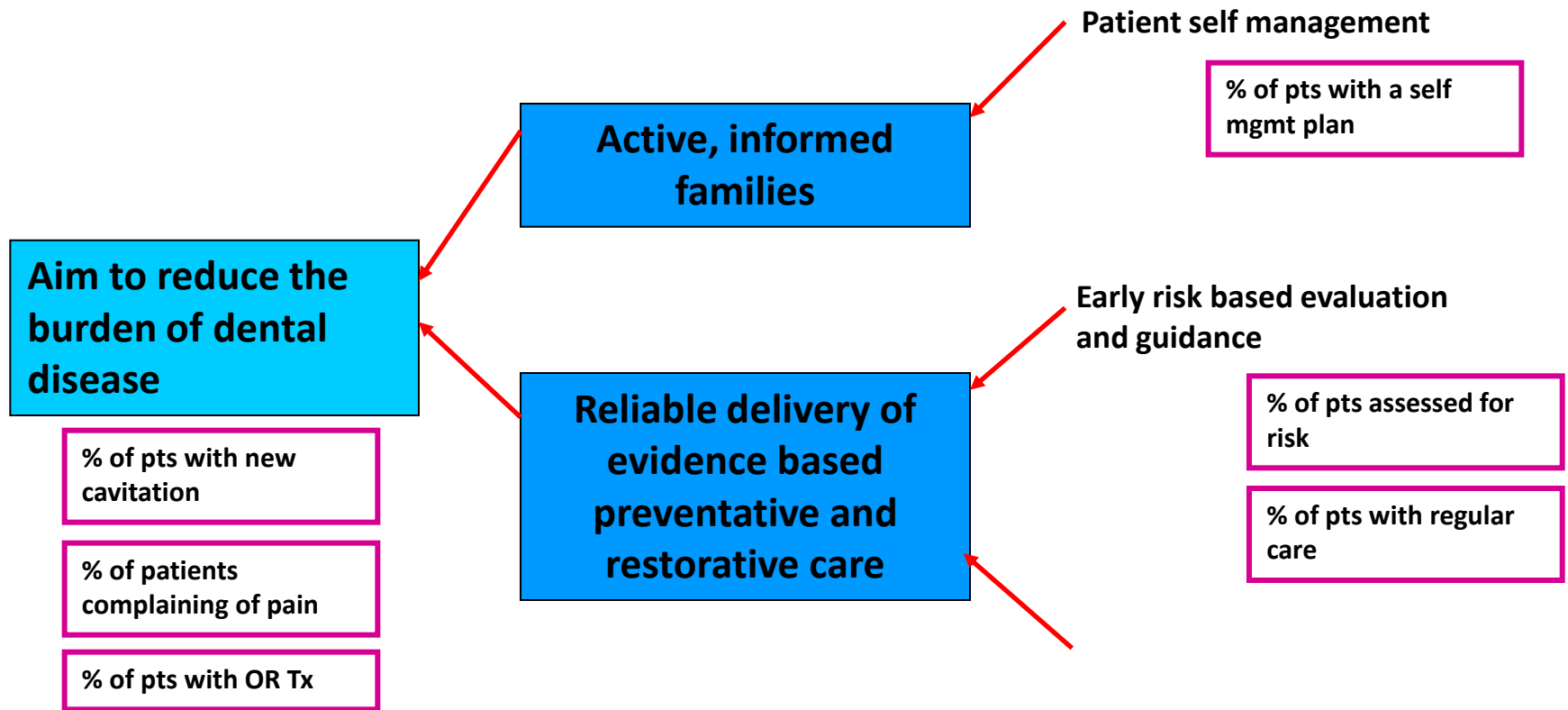
An example of selected elements of a driver diagram with some associated measures



An example of selected elements of a driver diagram with some associated measures

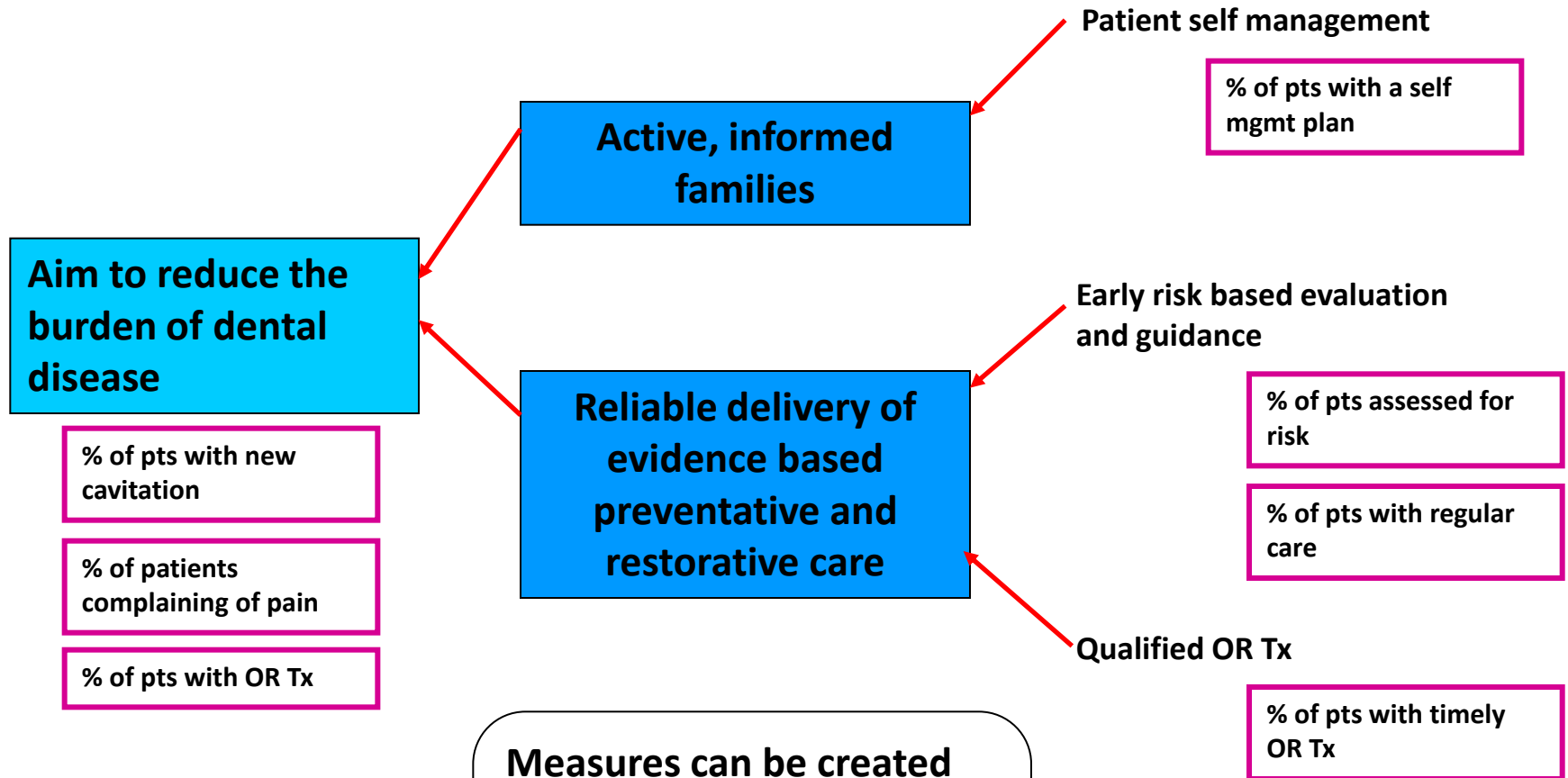


An example of selected elements of a driver diagram with some associated measures



Measures can be created all across the driver diagram to create a system of linked measurements

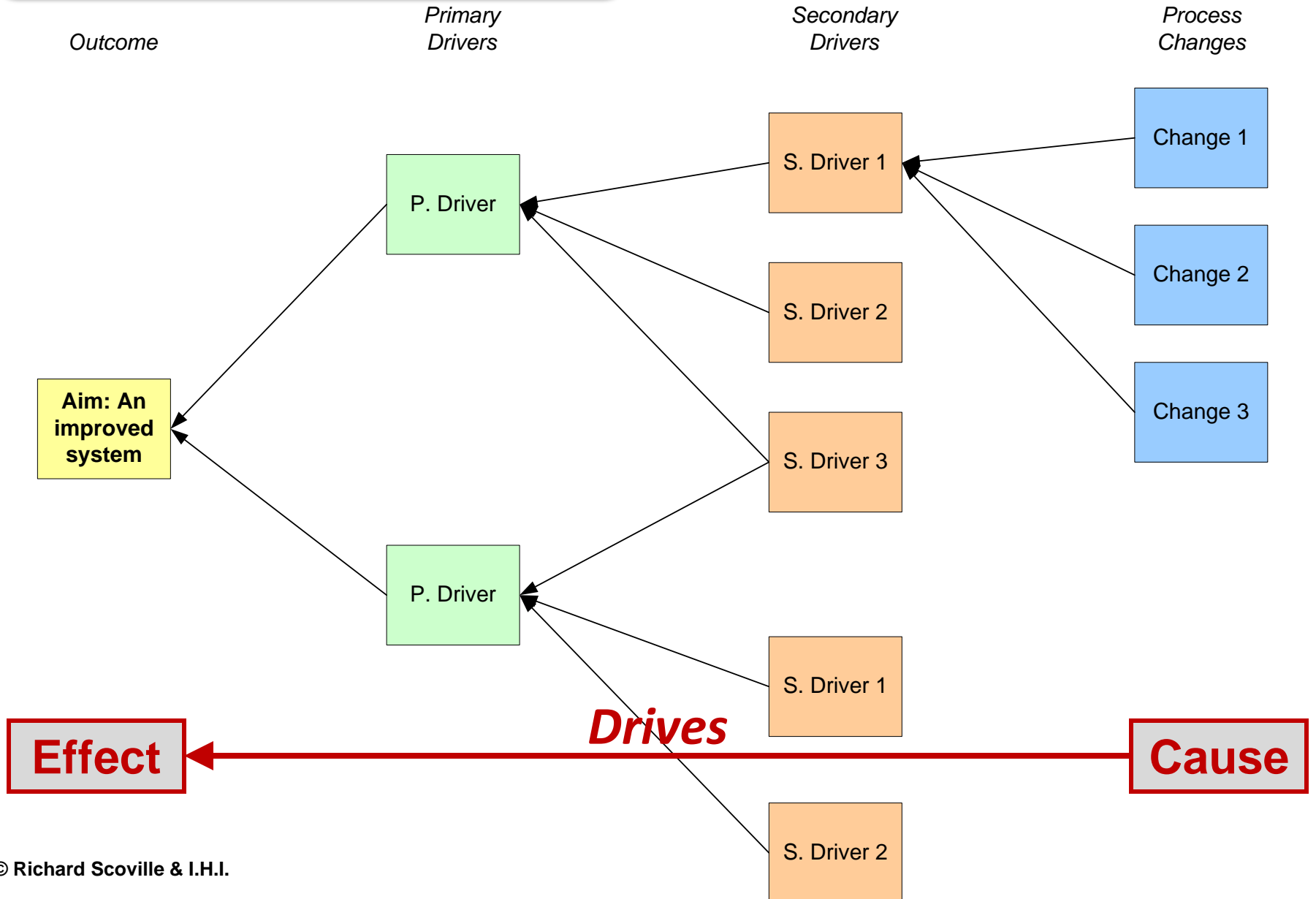
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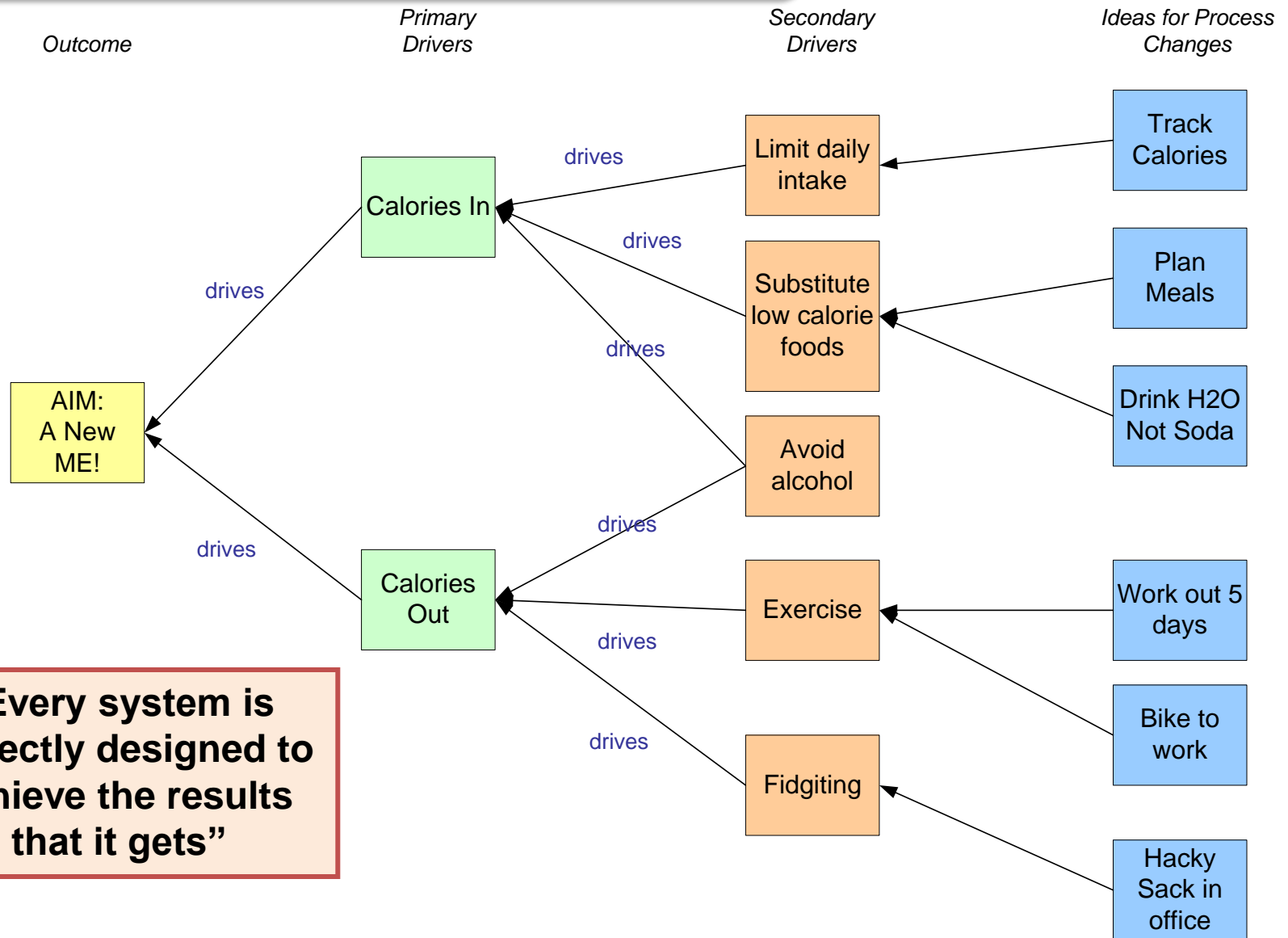
Measures can be created all across the driver diagram to create a system of linked measurements

What Changes Can We Make?

A Theory of How to Improve a System



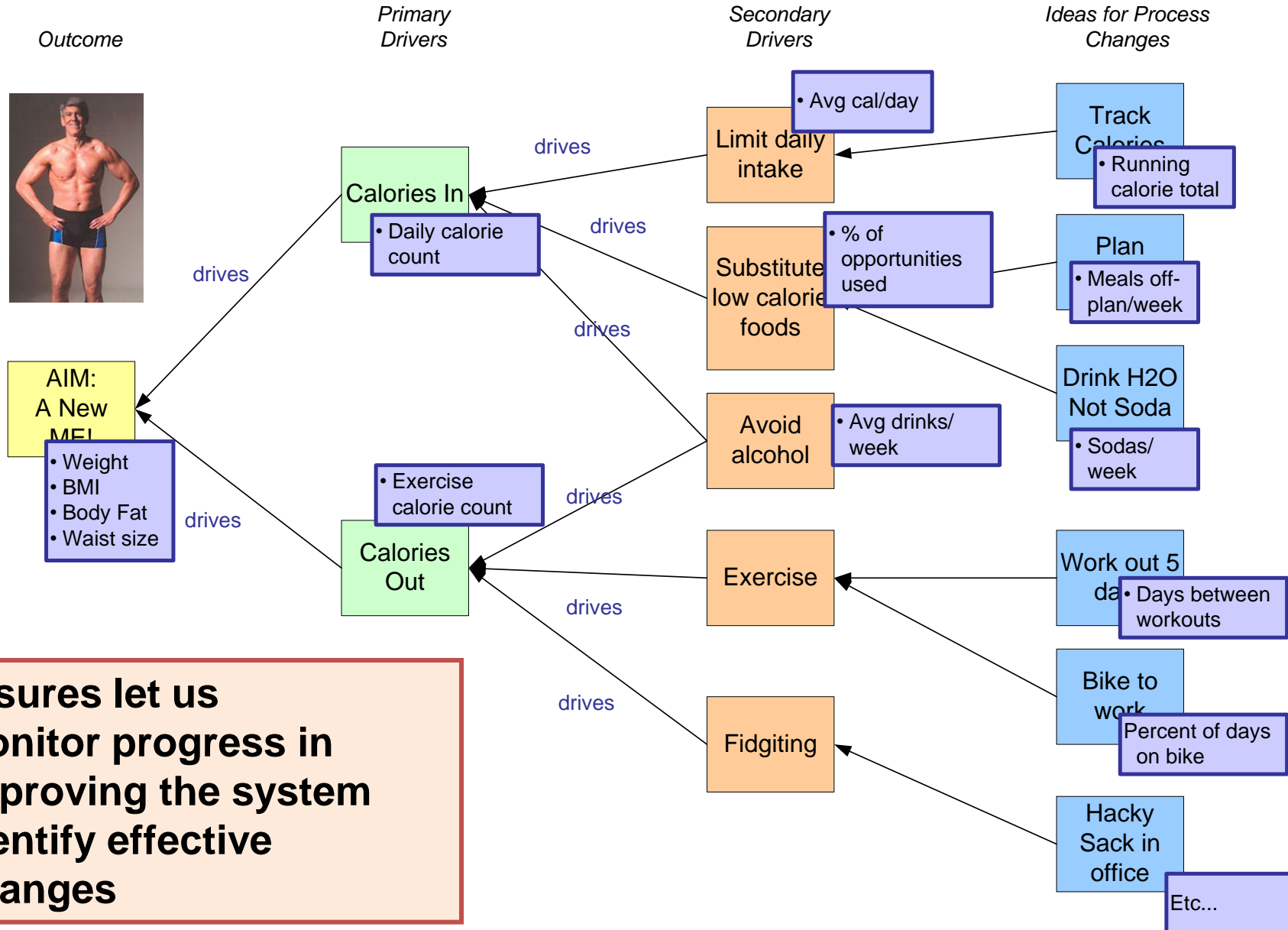
What Changes Can We Make? Understanding the System for Weight Loss



“Every system is perfectly designed to achieve the results that it gets”

How Will We Know We Are Improving?

Understanding the System for Weight Loss with Measures



Aim Statement

The Aim Statement helps to focus on what it is trying to accomplish. It provides a specific, measurable statement of intent. It identifies:

- **The boundaries of the system to be improved (i.e. the scope, patient population, the processes to change with their beginning and end points, the providers affected etc.)**
- **The numerical goals for the desired outcomes which are ambitious but achievable (i.e. goals are not set arbitrarily)**
- **The timeframe for achievement of the goal**
- **The guidance for the team which constrain or shape how the improvement is undertaken (e.g. in keeping with Department of Health guidance or local strategies, led by a sponsoring Director, linked to a reconfiguration proposal, focused upon a specific improvement strategy etc.)**



An example Aim Statement

Boundary

Timeframe

Goal

Boundaries

In a pilot population, our hospital will decrease peri-operative harm by 25% within 1 year by focusing on prevention of surgical site infection (SSI) and implementation of pre-procedural briefings in orthopedic and vascular surgery.

Team: Leadership: Executive Director Surgical Services

Technical: Orthopedic surgeon

Day-to-day: OR manager, surgical technician

Additional members: Safety specialist, nursing

Guidance





Four Aim Statements

- 1. To undertake surgical procedures in a safe and effective manner which will result in a quality patient experience**
- 2. To work in a learning and respectful environment in the Operating Suite that encourages excellent team work.**
- 3. To provide to surgical patients an excellent patient experience**
- 4. To deliver the Surgical Services agreed business plan for the financial year 2014 – 15.**



Aim: To provide excellent surgical care

Measures Outcomes

Patient Satisfaction

Appointment/Scheduling

No cancellations
No overruns

Patient Focus

Patient satisfaction results

Information

Customer centered care

Known expectations

Consumer advisory

Schedule planning

Positive experience

Bed available

Elective versus emergency access

Informed consent
Handouts
Education

Understanding procedure pain

Skills competency base

No adverse event

Clinical Care

Clinical capability framework

Clinical Expertise

Outcome:

Patients will their planned surgery – on time & date with no cancellation – no waiting & no adverse outcome & go home happy & provide staff with chocolates

To work in a learning and respectful environment in the Operating Suite that encourages excellent team work.

Organisation Culture

Teamwork

Education & Training

Leadership

Code of Conduct
Unit Values

Ensured accountability

Core values

Personal development

Clarity of roles & responsibilities

Rounding & Feedback
(communication)

Scope of practice -
multiskill

Behavioural competency

Multidisciplinary
Professional development

Performance management
Role management

Outcome:
Increased Operating Theatre Utilisation
Decreased unplanned leave
Decreased clinical incidents
Increased staff retention
Increased knowledge & skills

To work in a learning and respectful environment in the Operating Suite that encourages excellent team work.

Communication

Values/Standards

Patient focus

Resources

Huddle Escalate De-escalate

Staff meetings

Governance/Multi Discip

Leadership

Available

Equity, Integrity

Punctuality, Safety, Infection Control

Training, education, evaluation

Planning – List Session Preparation

Patient flow

Outcome:
Efficiency
Staff Satisfaction
Patient Satisfaction

To provide to surgical patients an excellent patient experience

Schedule & Triage

Separate elective & emergency

Resource management

Patient flow processes

Communication systems

Timely treatment

Feedback – Patient Satisfaction

Target monitoring

Audit processes

Credentialing

Customer focus

Safe quality care

Efficient

Outcome:

Patient satisfaction survey

Length of stay

Wait times

Incident Monitoring

To undertake surgical procedures in a safe and effective manner which will result in a quality patient experience

**Measures
Outcomes**

Personnel/Staff

Skill mix

**Assessment of
workforce skill
balance**

**Education & professional
development**

**Development of
education plans
that will support
required service**

Workforce availability

**Recruitment/atten
dance**

Equipment systems

Access to Facilities

**Services provided
specialty**

**Survey relevant
personnel re:
equipment
requirements**

**Services provided
theatre availability**

**Consumer
involvement Efficient**

**Bed availability/
Preadmission**

**Point of Contact with
Health Service**

**Education
Consumer expectation**

To undertake surgical procedures in a safe and effective manner which will result in a quality patient experience

Improve Patient Outcomes

Safety

Efficiency – lack of resources

Quality staff

Outcome:

Reduce incidents by 20%

Reduce Length of Stay

Safe environment – incident reports

Increase Theatre Utilisation to 85%

Patient Satisfaction experience

**Measures
Outcomes**

Bed Access

Access block

Number of beds

**Pieces of
equipment**

**Equipment
Communication**

Start on time

Cancellations

Staff & Skills

Bed occupancy

Bed base

Length of stay

Equipment Beds

Number of staff

Sick leave

ICU Acceptance

**Education skills
knowledge**

Staff qualifications

Driver Diagram Worksheet

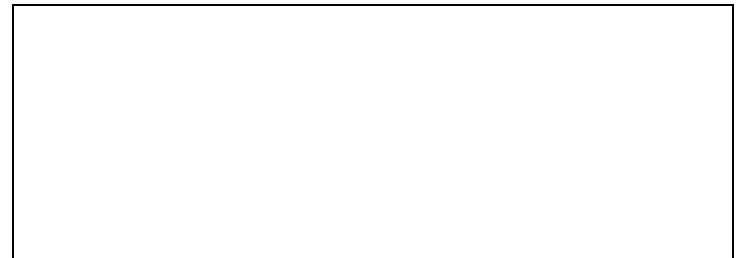
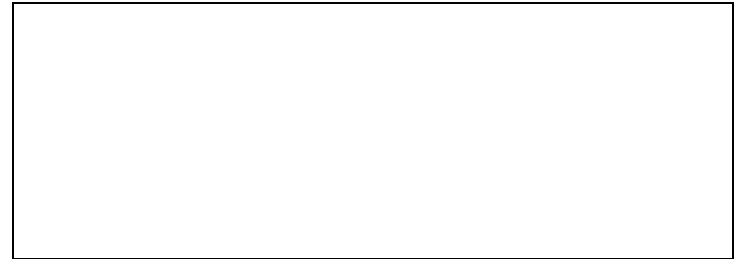
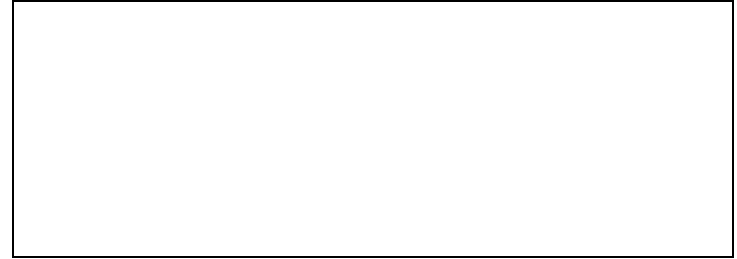

Primary Drivers

Secondary Drivers

Aim:

**Outcome
Measures:**

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.



Measures & their Build Up



Ballarat **Health** Services
Putting your health **first**



Executive Indicator



Director of Anaesthesia Indicator



Director Access & Ambulatory



DON Surgical Access



Ballarat Health Services
Putting your health first

Making efficient and best use of Resources

Efficiency & Value Driver Diagram

Aim

Deliver plan to budget



- E0 Start on Time
- E1 Contact Hour per Session/Day
- 7 % correct kit to hand
- 8 % usable kit
- 22 % patients lost from theatre list (all reasons)
- 23 Direct care time (Needle to skin => In recovery)
- 24 Late starts
- 25 Early finishes
- 26 Turnaround time (In Recovery => Needle to skin)
- 27 Number of glitches (interruptions, messages, phone calls)

Driver

Run lists you plan to



Run lists to time



Minimise delay between cases



Make similar procedures more consistent



Intervention

Ensure lists filled appropriately



Ensure correct patients available



Ensure correct staff available

Have reliable process for fetching patients



Ensure correct kit available



Ensure start on time



Minimise theatre turnaround time



Minimise interruptions (Recovery closure – emergency interruptions)



Ensure right kit to hand



Measure used only in this domain

Other Measure

- **Efficiency**

- **Unused Theatre and anaesthetic room Time (downtime)**
- **total number of staff involved through day (new staff, break cover, etc)**
- **Additional equipment and packs used per day/case**
- **Theatre utilisation (used sessions by speciality)**
- **Session utilisation (actual time used on session)**

URN		Fin Year		Diagnosis Desc
Admission Key		Week		Procedure
Age On Admission		Surgery Start Time		Procedure Desc
Sex		Surgery End Date		CMBS
Postcode		Year		CMBS Desc
Admit Group		Day		WIES
Admit Ward		Month		OPERATION TYPE
Financial Class		Surgery End Time		Late Start
Admission Date		Left Date		PRIORITY
Admis Time		Left Time		ADMISSION TYPE
Discharge Date		Depart Time		PPP
Discharge Time		Anaes Time		PPP DESCRIPTION
Same Day Flag		Surgeon Time		Day - 2
LOS		OR Time		Admission Hr.
Unit		OR Hours		Discharge Hr.
Operation Date		Surgeon Code		Time Out Hr.
Operation No		First Surgeon		Anaes. Start Hr.
Theatre		Surgeon 1		Surgery Start. Time
Session Group		Surgical Registrar 1		Surgery Finish Time
Session Code		Anaesthetist Code		Left OR Hr.
Specialty		Anaesthetist		Depart Hr.
Call Time		iPM Anaesthetist Status 1		Recovery Time
Arrival Time 1		Anaesthetic Type		Period 2
Time Out		ASA Score		Recovery Hr.
Anaes Date		Wound Classification		DRG 2
Anaes Start		WList Rprt Status		Time to Surgery
Time Period		DRG		Contact Hours
Anaes Hr.		DRG Description		WIES Y/N
Surgery Start		Diagnosis		

These are the types of fields I commonly obtain from Health Services –Green Fields are derived

Surgeon Session Characterisitcs

Surgeon	Wed
Session	37
Patient	228
Contact Hrs	100
WIES	166
Patient perSession	6.16
WIES per Patient	0.73
Contact Hr. per Session	2.71
Contact Hr. per Patient	0.44
Avg. Surgery Start	8:16
Avg. Left OR	11:39

From the data you can look at a Surgeon's Session characteristics – I suspect most Health Services do not do this – this data could also be used for performance review – the data can also be used to build up the schedule

d Health Service Theatre Suite Schedule July 14- Aug 14- Sep 14

Week Beginning	Year	FIN Year Week	OR	Mon				Tue				Wed				Thu				Fri	
Week	WEEK			AM	PM	AM Hr	PM Hr	AM	PM	AM Hr	PM Hr	AM	PM	AM Hr	PM Hr	AM	PM	AM Hr	PM Hr	AM Hr	PM Hr
6/30/2014	27	1	OR 1			0	0			0	0			2.21	0			3.7	2.444	3.7	0
			OR 2			3.276	3.276			3.584	0			0	0			0	0	0	0
			OR 3			0	0			0	0			0	2.7			0	0	0	0
7/7/2014	28	2	OR 1			2.05	3.584			2.05	3.488			2.05	3.584			2.95	2.95	0	0
			OR 2			2.8032	2.444			3.276	3.276			0	0			0	0	3.392	0
			OR 3			2.7	0			2.7	2.7			0	2.7			2.7	2.7	0	0
7/14/2014	29	3	OR 1			3.488	3.488			0	0			2.21	3.584			0	0	0	0
			OR 2			0	0			3.276	3.276			3.486	3.486			0	3.486	0	0
			OR 3			2.7	2.7			0	0			0	2.7			2.7	0	0	0
7/21/2014	30	4	OR 1			0	0			0	0			2.444	0			2.95	2.95	0	0
			OR 2			2.8032	3.486			3.276	3.276			3.486	3.486			0	0	0	0
			OR 3			2.7	1.8			0	0			0	2.7			2.7	0	0	0

Schedule build up for the year based on average hours per session used by proceduralists

Modelling - WIES 14 - 15

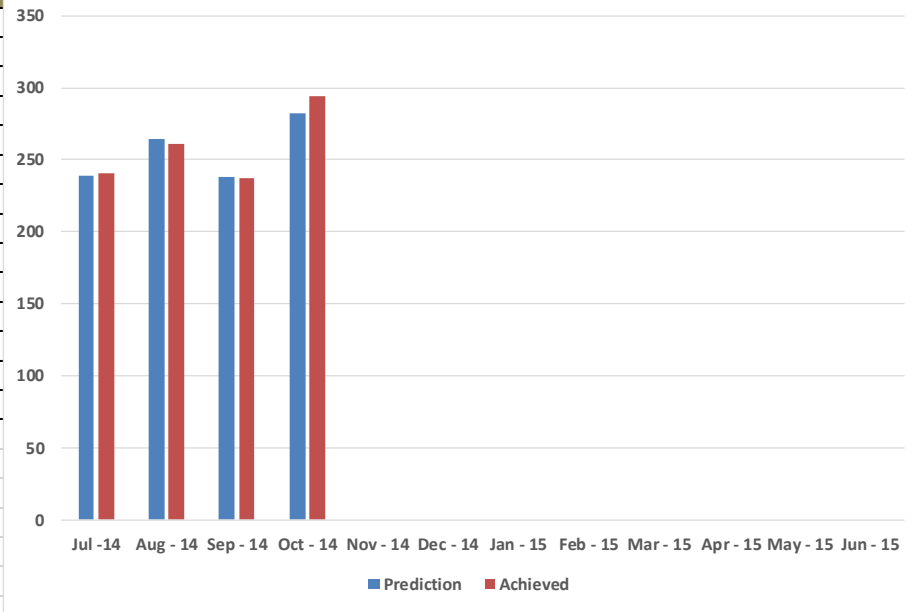
Consultants		Pat. Session	Hrs per Patient	WIES per Patient	Hours per Session	Session	Contact Hrs	Patients	WIES
Consultant	Speciality								
	Obs&Gynae	3.2	1.09	1.24	3.49	20	69.76	64	79
	Obs&Gynae	3.2	1.12	0.94	3.58	13	46.59	42	39
	Obs&Gynae	2.35	1.04	1.00	2.44	9	22.00	21	21
	Obs&Gynae	5	0.41		2.05	6	12.30	30	
	Obs&Gynae	2	1.1	1.00	2.20	0	0.00	0	0
	Gen. Surg	2.1	1.56	0.86	3.28	20	65.52	42	36
	Gen. Surg	2.1	1.66	1.26	3.49	26	90.64	55	69
	Gen. Surg	2.96	1.26	0.94	3.73	0		0	0
	Gen. Surg	2	1.5	0.86	3.00	13	39.00	26	22
	Gen. Surg	2	1.5	0.82	3.00	0		0	
	Urology	8	0.45	0.42	3.60	5	18.00	40	17
	Dental	3.25	0.68	0.48	2.21	7	15.47	23	11
	Dental	3.25	0.68	0.48	2.21	2	4.42	7	3
	ENT	2.5		0.61	2.95	0	0.00	0	0
	ENT	5	0.59	0.61	2.95	4	11.80	20	12
	ENT	5	0.59	0.61	2.95	4	11.80	20	12
	ENT	5	0.59	0.61	2.95	4	11.80	20	12
	ENT								0
	Endoscopy	6	0.45	0.34	2.70	13	35.10	78	27
	Endoscopy	6	0.45	0.31	2.70	17	45.90	102	32
	Endoscopy	6	0.45	0.53	2.70	3	8.10	18	10
	Endoscopy	6	0.45	0.35	2.70	13	35.10	78	27
	Endoscopy	6	0.45	0.35	2.70	4	10.80	24	8
	Endoscopy	6	0.45	0.36	2.70	0		0	0
	Endoscopy	4	0.45	0.36	1.80	5	9.00	20	7
	Endoscopy								0
	Orthopaedic	4.8	0.584	0.51	2.80	5	14.02	24	12
	Orthopaedic								0
	Paeds	5.3	0.64	0.51	3.39	3	10.18	16	8
	Paeds								0
	Ophth	5	0.74	0.50	3.70	9	33.30	45	22
	Ophth								0
	Elective					205	620.59	814	488
	EMER	0.93	1.3	1.55	1.21	92	111.23	86	133
						502	731.81	899	620

Using the schedule you can model the work that will be undertaken throughout the year

Contact Hours - Prediction July - Oct 14

Week	Prediction	Achieved
Jul -14	238.60	240.41
Aug - 14	264.78	261
Sep - 14	238.18	236.99
Oct - 14	281.87	294.2
Nov - 14		
Dec - 14		
Jan - 15		
Feb - 15		
Mar - 15		
Apr - 15		
May - 15		
Jun - 15		

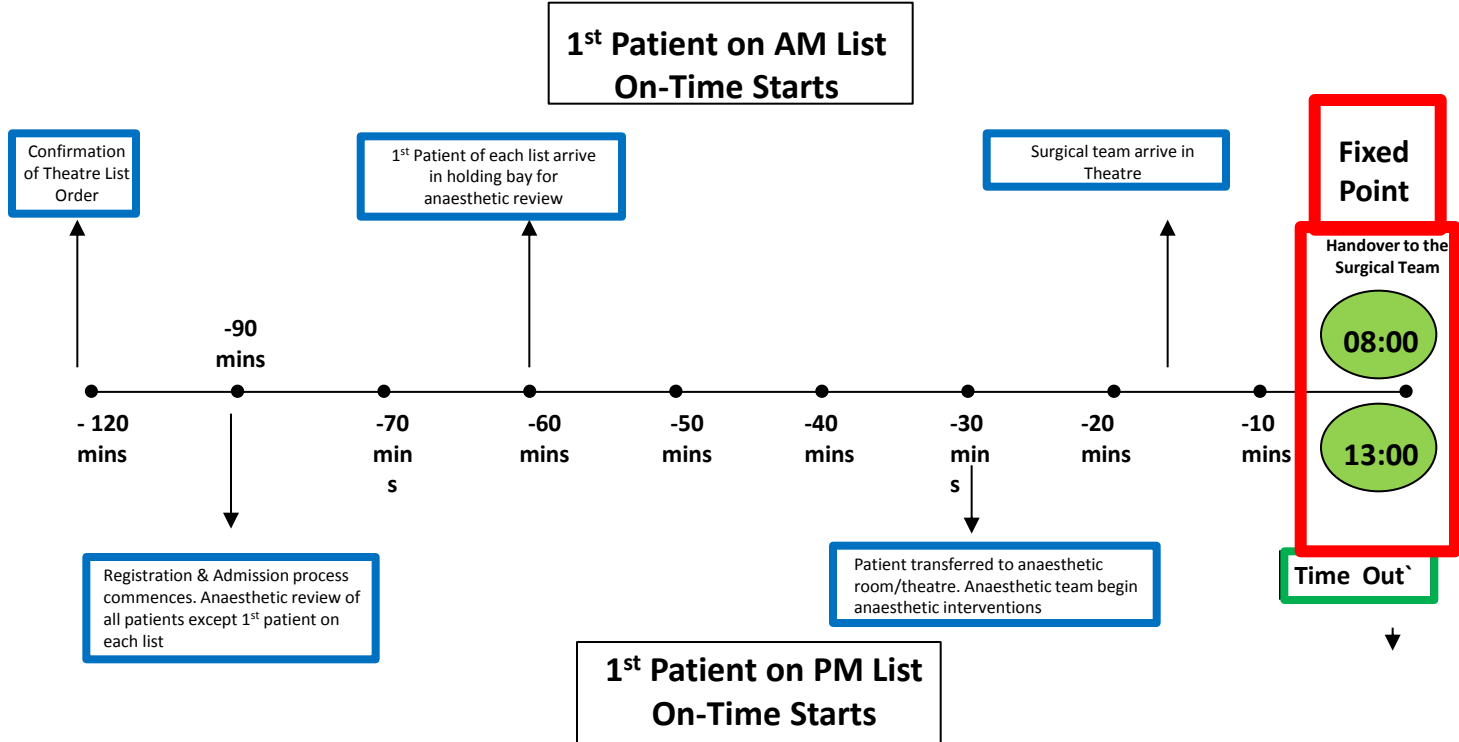
Health - Surgical Services - Contact Hours & Prediction & Actual per Month 14 - 15



You then can review how you are travelling over the year – this type of approach I have used with quite a number of Health Services

Health Service Theatre Start Time

The time points below are flexible and depending on the type of case that is first for the list – for example a hip replacement will require an earlier arrival time and anaesthesia start time than an endoscopy patient.



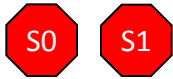
Before Anaesthesia commences Surgeon needs to communicate their presence at Mildura Base Hospital

Safety & Reliability Driver Diagram

Aim

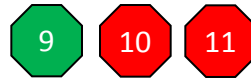
Undertaking surgical procedures in a safe and effective manner resulting in a quality patient experience

Defect free surgery



Driver

Avoid mistakes



Avoid complications



Avoid delays

Intervention

Conduct Team Brief



Conduct Team Debrief



Conduct Time Out



Produce accurate lists



Implement SSI bundle



Implement VTE bundle



Have correct kit to hand



Ensure staff are adequately trained



S0 Overall glitch count

S1 Adverse surgical events

1 % lists with Team Brief (or # Team Briefs)

2 % lists with Team Debrief (or # Team Debriefs)

3 % lists with Time Out (or # Time Outs)

4 % lists performed as listed

5 % compliance with SSI bundle

6 % compliance with VTE bundle

7 % correct kit to hand

8 % usable kit

9 Retained objects

10 Wrong site surgery

11 Wrong procedure

12 Readmissions

13 Number of Unplanned returns to theatre

14 Number of SSIs

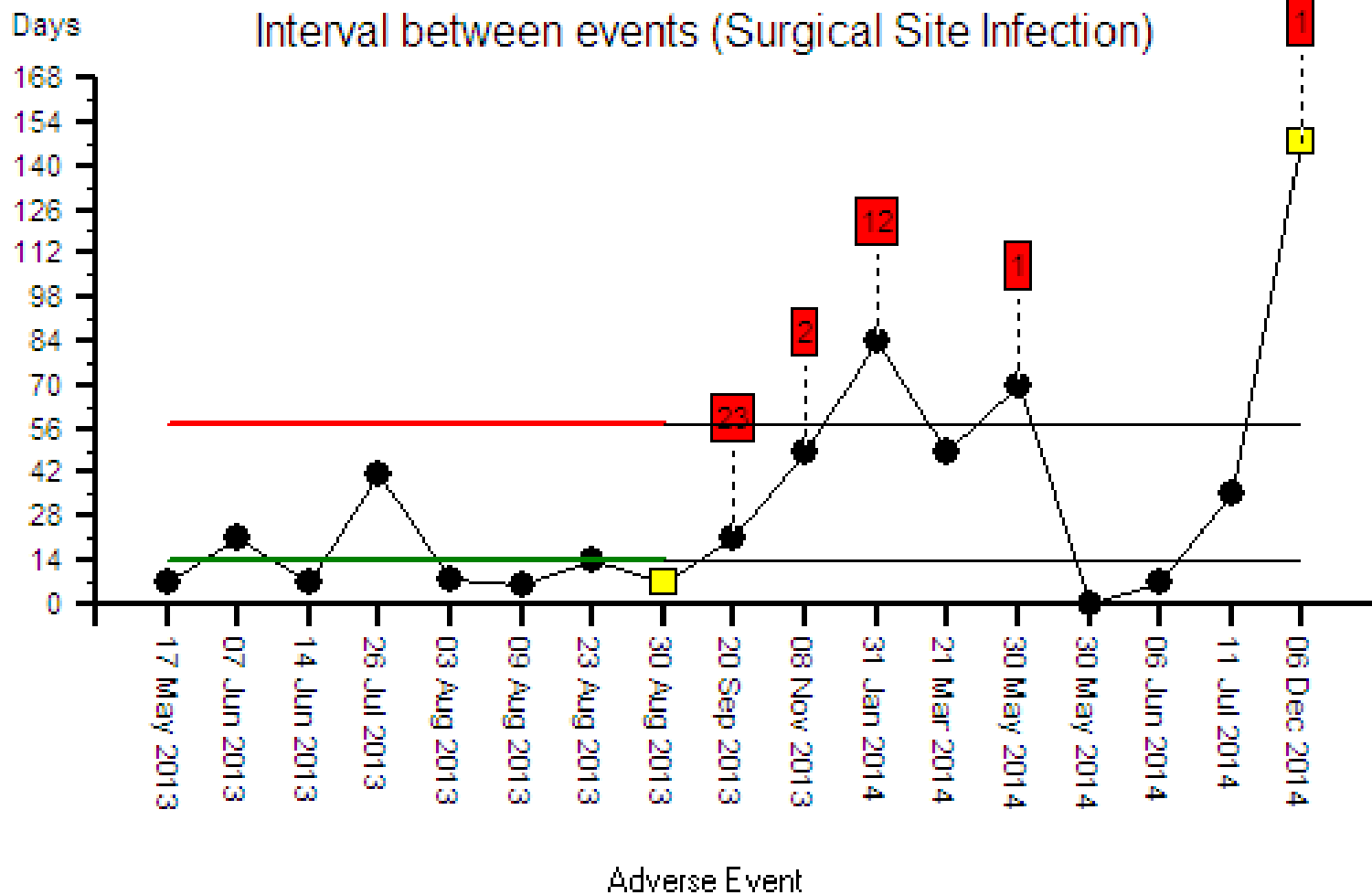
15 Number of VTEs

34 Compliance with mandatory training & appraisals

Other Measures

- Safety & Reliability

- Incident reporting
- Noise
- Team trained to use specialist equipment



Skilled Teams

Aim

Working in a learning and respectful environment that encourages excellent team work.

A well functioning theatre team



Driver

Communication

Competence



Consistency

Confidence



Intervention

Team Brief



Team Debrief



Time out



Report all incidents



Do Executive safety walk-rounds



Ensure staff adequately trained



Ensure staff have regular experience



Form Consistent teams



Minimise Staff turnover



Tackle Unplanned absence



19 Staff survey

20 Staff turnover

21 Sick absence

34 Compliance with mandatory training & appraisals



Measure used only in this domain



Measure shared with another domain

T0 Team-working scores using naïve observer report forms

1 % lists with Team Brief (or # Team Briefs)

2 % lists with Team Debrief (or # Team Debriefs)

3 % lists with Time Out (or # Time Outs)

16 Proportion of staff with HF/team skills training (by discipline)

17 Proportion of time was spent working in normal area

18 Number of different staff worked in theatres per list

Other Measure(s)

- Team working

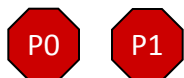
- Staff training & Development
- Adequate Training
- Team Structure (Appropriate skill Mix)
- Leadership Opportunities

Patient Experience & Outcome Driver Diagram

Aim

Provide an excellent patient experience

A good patient experience



Driver

Avoid unnecessary delay



Keep the patient informed



Avoid unnecessary discomfort



Intervention

Minimise pre-op time



Minimise starvation time

Avoid cancellation



Provide timely recovery



Provide relevant information



Provide information in timely fashion



Control pain effectively



Implement SSI bundle inc Control body temperature



Minimise complications in recovery



- P0 Overall patient experience score (from survey)
- P1 Patient Recorded Outcome Measures (PROMs)
- 28 Average time from admission to anaesthetic start
- 29 Average time patient is starved
- 30 % patients who got their original TCI date
- 31 Average Recovery delay
- 32 Average pain score in Recovery
- 6 % patients with 'normal' body temperature (part of SSI bundle)
- 33 % patients complication free in Recovery

Other Measure

- Patient experience

- Post op Visit by Dr in 2nd stage recovery/ward
- Post Op. Anxiety
- Walking to Theatre

An example of a Driver Diagram - How do I decrease my fuel costs?

Overview

A driver diagram is an immensely powerful tool that helps you to translate a high level improvement goal into a logical set of underpinning goals ('drivers') and projects. It captures an entire change programme in a single diagram and also provides a measurement framework for monitoring progress.

The layout of a driver diagram is most easily explained via a simple example.

Imagine your personal goal was to reduce the amount you spend on petrol (i.e. 'decrease fuel costs'). The diagram below shows a typical driver diagram constructed around this goal.

1. The goal

The driver diagram starts with a clearly defined and measurable goal. This is the focal point for your change efforts.

Decrease fuel costs

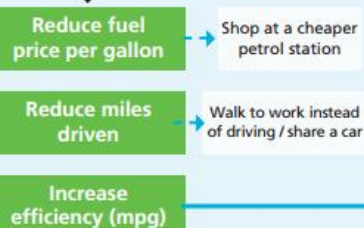
2. Primary drivers

The overall goal is linked here to three factors that are believed to have a direct impact on it (i.e. fuel costs will go down if you find cheaper fuel, reduce the number of miles you drive or increase your fuel efficiency).

This first set of underpinning goals are referred to as primary drivers because they 'drive' the achievement of your main goal.

These drivers may act independently or in concert to achieve the overall goal.

Primary drivers



To create a driver diagram:

- Start with a clearly defined, measurable goal. It should describe what you intend to achieve and by when.
- Get a group of people together who understand the different aspects of the improvement topic (i.e. subject matter experts). Ask them to brainstorm potential drivers (i.e. the areas where improvement is needed).
- Cluster the ideas to create an agreed set of 'drivers'. Make sure you use language like "improve" or "decrease" and that each driver is clearly defined and measurable.
- Discuss the need for new drivers or whether some of the drivers should be eliminated (if they are wrong or immaterial)
- Identify the links between the drivers to create primary, secondary and tertiary drivers.
- Get the group to identify any balancing goals or balancing measures
- Select improvement projects that you believe will impact upon your drivers.

3. Lower level drivers

The process of breaking down a goal can continue to lower levels to create secondary or tertiary drivers (and even further if required).

Here it is done for one of the primary drivers. Increased efficiency can be achieved through technical improvements (i.e. the car's efficiency) or improvements in the way you drive it.

Secondary drivers

Increase car efficiency

Buy a more fuel efficient car

Tertiary drivers

Decrease use of rapid acceleration

Increase use of appropriate gears

Decrease use of rapid braking

4. Projects or actions

The ultimate aim of a driver diagram is to define the range of projects (i.e. actual change initiatives) that you may want to undertake. These can appear anywhere in the hierarchy of the driver diagram – wherever makes most sense.

Driver diagrams therefore help to break down an overall improvement goal into underpinning goals (i.e. 'drivers') to the point where you can easily define the changes that you need to undertake.

Improve driving habits, avoid unnecessarily accelerating and decelerating

No increase in lateness for work

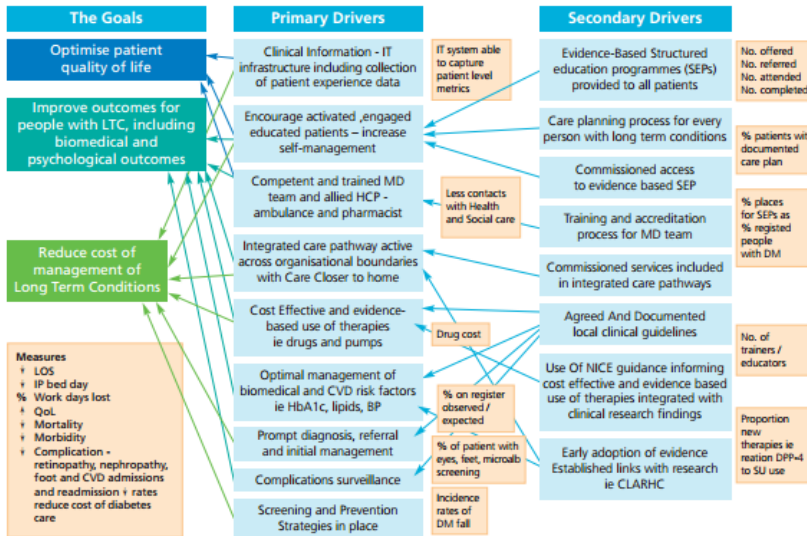
5. Balancing goals or measures

The goal you have chosen for your driver diagram will not exist in isolation. Often you will have identified related goals (which may have their own driver diagrams).

These goals represent a 'balancing' element to your change efforts. Here, decreasing your fuel costs should not occur at the expense of being routinely late for work (as you wait for the cheap petrol station to open!). This helps to shape the projects that you choose to undertake.

Frequently we choose just to measure performance against these balancing goals (rather than actively do something about them) – so we describe them as 'balancing measures'.

Driver Diagram: Diabetes



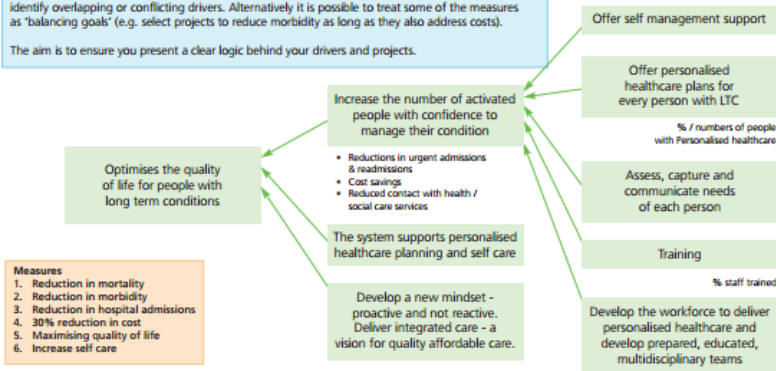
Optimise the quality of life for people with long term conditions

Comments

This driver diagram is still in the early stages of development and will be further refined by the team. Only some of the drivers and measures are shown.

Notice how the team has chosen to select multiple measures for their overall goal. In some situations this can cause confusion over which drivers relate to which overall measures. It can be clearer to do separate driver diagrams for each measurable goal. For example, it would be possible to do separate driver diagrams for reducing morbidity and reducing costs associated with LTCs. This can help to identify overlapping or conflicting drivers. Alternatively it is possible to treat some of the measures as 'balancing goals' (e.g. select projects to reduce morbidity as long as they also address costs).

The aim is to ensure you present a clear logic behind your drivers and projects.



Driver Diagram Aide Memoire

Hints and tips

Driver diagrams are a 'live' tool. They will change over time as you make changes to your system.

If you can make your goal, drivers and project outcomes measurable you have created a measurement framework for determining progress. This will help you to monitor the change process without needing to purely rely on changes in performance against your overall goal. It will also help you to judge where more progress against a particular driver needs to occur.

If some drivers (or your overall goal) are heavily influenced by demographic factors (e.g. changes in population sizes), try to build these into your measures (e.g. by using rates or setting a reduced target figure) or add them to your measurement framework so that their impact can be monitored.

Creating a driver diagram with a team ensures that everyone understands your goal and how they can contribute towards achieving it. Get the right people there so that you have knowledge in the room from people who see all parts of the care process.

Always keep in mind that a driver diagram is an improvement tool. Stop identifying additional layers of drivers when it ceases to be helpful (i.e. when your improvement projects start to become apparent). Also be confident enough to prioritise your drivers by selecting quick wins or dismissing drivers that in reality have little impact. Don't automatically ignore drivers that seem outside of your control. Sometimes with some lateral thinking (or partnership working) you can influence them.

Driver diagrams will vary from place to place - there is no definitive 'right' answer as your local situation may be very different from other parts of the country. Research evidence and local understanding will both shape your driver diagram.

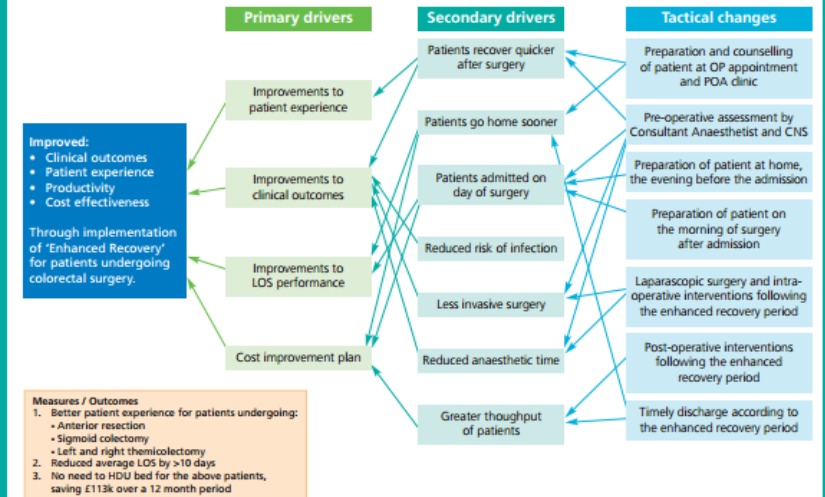
What do people think of driver diagrams?

"It took us a few times to get it refined, we changed it six times; it was an intuitive process. But it really is the backbone of our strategy. We're now hanging project measures on to it."

"Driver diagrams are something that can be applied to any environment, any situation... It gets you into a structure of thinking where, even with a very complex and complicated programme, you can put that into context to another person."

"It enables us to move from a concept or an idea into starting to execute a programme and delivery very quickly. That has been a major difference to the way we work..."

Driver Diagram - Enhanced Recovery for Colorectal Surgery



Tips and tricks

- **Driver diagrams are a 'live' tool. They will change over time as you make changes to your system.**
- **If you can make your drivers measurable you have created a measurement framework for determining progress towards your overall goal**
- **Creating a driver diagram with a team ensures that everyone understands your goal and how they can contribute towards achieving it**
- **Driver diagrams will vary from place to place - there is no definitive 'right' answer as your local situation may be very different from other parts of the country**

What do people think of driver diagrams?

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“Driver diagrams are something that can be applied to any environment, any situation... It gets you into a structure of thinking where even with a very complex and complicated programme, you can put that into context to another person.”

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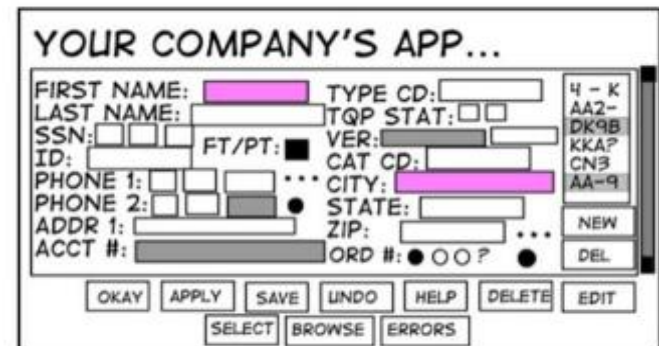
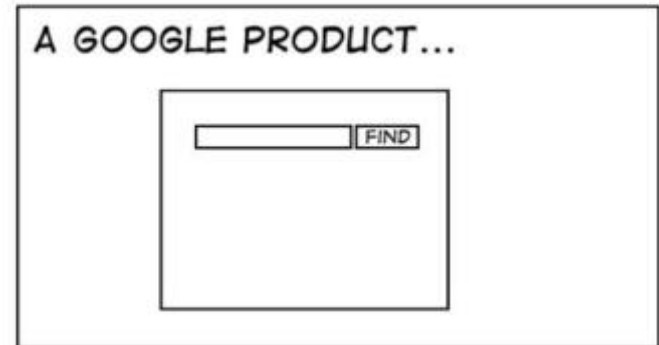
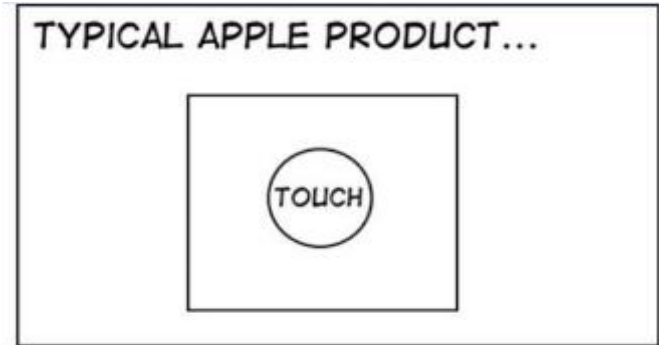
Perioperative & Interventional Services

Dashboard Development



Ballarat **Health** Services
Putting your health first

Perhaps the Reason is.....



Dashboard

In [management information systems](#), a **dashboard** is "an easy to read, often single page, real-time user interface, showing a [graphical presentation](#) of the current status (snapshot) and historical trends of an organization's [key performance indicators](#) to enable instantaneous and informed decisions to be made at a glance."^[1]



- **Prior to 2013 there was limited access to useful reports for Perioperative Services and in general these were initiated by request and took time.**
- **Late in 2012 Ballarat Health Service made a commitment to develop a Series of Dashboards for Clinical Streams**
- **This presentation describes where the Dashboard(s) for Perioperative Services is today**

Report Manager - Windows Internet Explorer

http://srv-sqlrptsvcs/Reports2005/Pages/Folder.aspx?ItemPath=%2fDashboards

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Favorites | Web Slice Gallery

Report Manager

SQL Server Reporting Services
Home >
Dashboards

Contents Properties

Report Builder

- Ambulatory Care Dashboard
- Dashboard KPI Definitions
- Emergency Department Dashboards
- Endoscopy Unit**
- Executive Dashboard
- Health Round Table Dashboard
- Inpatient Dashboards
- Maternity Dashboards
- Report Access Audit
- Sub Acute Dashboards
- Theatre Dashboards**
- Waiting List Dashboards**

Dashboards

Theatre Dashboards

- [Daily Theatre List](#)
- [Doctor Leave Report](#)
- [ETBS - IBA Theatre Reconciliation](#)
- [Polypectomy Rates](#)
- [Theatre Cancellation Analysis](#)
- [Theatre Procedure Analysis](#)
- [Top 20 Procedure Durations](#)



Daily Theatre Activity Report

Search

View **Properties** History Subscriptions

New Subscription

Start Date: 18/11/2013 End Date: 18/11/2013 11:59:59 PM

Theatre: (Null) Unit: (Null)

Surgeon: (Null) Anaesthetist: (Null)

On ESIS WL: All

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Parameters: / / / /

Theatre Session	Arr Time	Surg Code	Surg Name	Anae Name	URN	Call Time	Anae Prep	Anae Start	Prep Start	Surg Start	Left ORTime	Thtr Mins	Thtr Hrs
OPR1						1						19	0.32
OPR2						11						374	6.23
OPR3						6						443	7.38
OPR4						4						318	5.30
DILLST	08:00	DILLST			253560	07:40	08:13	08:15	08:30	08:34	08:45	30	0.50
DILLST	08:40	DILLST			286231	08:32	08:50	08:51	09:30	09:45	11:40	169	2.82
AH	18:56	RUAAM			181151	18:45	18:57	19:05	19:12	19:14	19:50	45	0.75
AH	19:50	DAVEP			208254	19:40	19:58	20:01	20:12	20:19	21:15	74	1.23
OPR5						9						391	6.52
DONOST	08:20	DONOP			291490	08:15	08:25	08:30	08:39	08:39	09:00	30	0.50
DONOST	08:50	DONOP			289124	08:40	08:55	09:10	09:20	09:25	09:42	32	0.53
DONOST	09:40	DONOP			275765	09:27	09:46	09:54	09:57	09:57	10:41	47	0.78
DONOST	10:08	DONOP			253873	09:58	10:40	10:45	10:55	10:56	11:25	40	0.67
DONOST	11:03	DONOP			251886	10:55	11:10	11:24	11:30	11:33	12:11	47	0.78
MCCOST	13:17	MCCON1			413424	*	13:10	13:25	13:56	14:05	14:05	28	0.47
MCCOST	14:08	MCCON1			113976		14:00	14:20	14:40	14:51	14:52	81	1.35

Contact Hours per Day





SQL Server Reporting Services
[Home](#) > [Dashboards](#) >
Theatre Dashboards

Report Builder

[Daily Theatre List](#)

[Doctor Leave Report](#)

[ETBS - IBA Theatre Reconciliation](#)

[Polypectomy Rates](#)

[Theatre Cancellation Analysis](#)

[Theatre Procedure Analysis](#)

[Top 20 Procedure Durations](#)

**Doctor Leave Report****View** Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

Effective Date  NULLSurname

1 of 2 100% Find | Next Select a format Expo

Doctor Leave Report

Leave on or after: 20/11/2013

Dr Name	Leave Type	From Date	To Date
	LONG SERVICE LEAVE	07/01/2013	07/01/2014
	LEAVE WITHOUT PAY	28/02/2013	28/02/2014
	LONG SERVICE LEAVE	11/08/2013	31/12/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	11/11/2013	01/12/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	25/11/2013	29/11/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	25/11/2013	29/11/2013
	SICK LEAVE	25/11/2013	25/11/2013
	LONG SERVICE LEAVE	26/11/2013	26/11/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	26/11/2013	26/11/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	29/11/2013	29/11/2013
	DOCTOR'S LEAVE	03/12/2013	03/12/2013



**Doctor Leave Report****View** Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

Effective Date  NULLSurname

1 of 2 100% Find | Next Select a format Expo

Doctor Leave Report

Leave on or after: 20/11/2013

Dr Name	Leave Type	From Date	To Date
	LONG SERVICE LEAVE	07/01/2013	07/01/2014
	LEAVE WITHOUT PAY	28/02/2013	28/02/2014
	LONG SERVICE LEAVE	11/08/2013	31/12/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	11/11/2013	01/12/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	25/11/2013	29/11/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	25/11/2013	29/11/2013
	SICK LEAVE	25/11/2013	25/11/2013
	LONG SERVICE LEAVE	26/11/2013	26/11/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	26/11/2013	26/11/2013
	ANNUAL LEAVE	29/11/2013	29/11/2013
	DOCTOR'S LEAVE	03/12/2013	03/12/2013



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- Polypectomy Rates
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- Top 20 Procedure Durations

Report Manager

SQL Server Reporting Services
 Home > Dashboards > Theatre Dashboards >
ETBS - IBA Theatre Reconciliation

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Search for: Go

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

Start Date: 1/11/2012 End Date: 20/11/2013 12:56:12 PM View Report

Priority: (Null) Surgeon: (Null)

Procedure Code: 47519-00 NULL

1 of 4 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Line	ED Date	ED Time	Proc Code	Proc Desc	Theatre Hrs	ETBS Clock Start	ETBS Bo Confirm
46	07/11/2012	15:12	47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	0.77	07/11/2012 17:05	07/11/2012
31	14/11/2012	12:42	47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	1.55	14/11/2012 18:20	14/11/2012
48	17/11/2012	16:40	47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	1.83	17/11/2012 20:54	17/11/2012
28	18/11/2012	11:31	47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	1.25	18/11/2012 17:24	18/11/2012
45	01/01/1900		47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	2.25	22/11/2012 16:34	22/11/2012
28	04/12/2012	13:27	47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	1.38	04/12/2012 15:26	04/12/2012
29	04/12/2012	10:20	47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	1.65	04/12/2012 15:06	04/12/2012
08	06/12/2012	09:05	47519-00	INTERNAL FIXATION OF FRACTURE OF TROCHANTERIC OR SUBCAPITAL FEMUR	1.20	06/12/2012 12:56	06/12/2012
20	01/01/1900		47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	3.67	11/12/2012 11:25	11/12/2012
00	12/12/2012	11:13	47519-00	INTERNAL FIXATION OF FRACTURE OF TROCHANTERIC OR SUBCAPITAL FEMUR	1.17	12/12/2012 17:18	12/12/2012
02	17/12/2012	14:25	47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	1.90	17/12/2012 21:45	17/12/2012
10	17/12/2012	13:22	47519-00	IF FRACTURE TROCHANTERIC/SUBCAPITL FEMUR	1.85	17/12/2012 21:45	17/12/2012

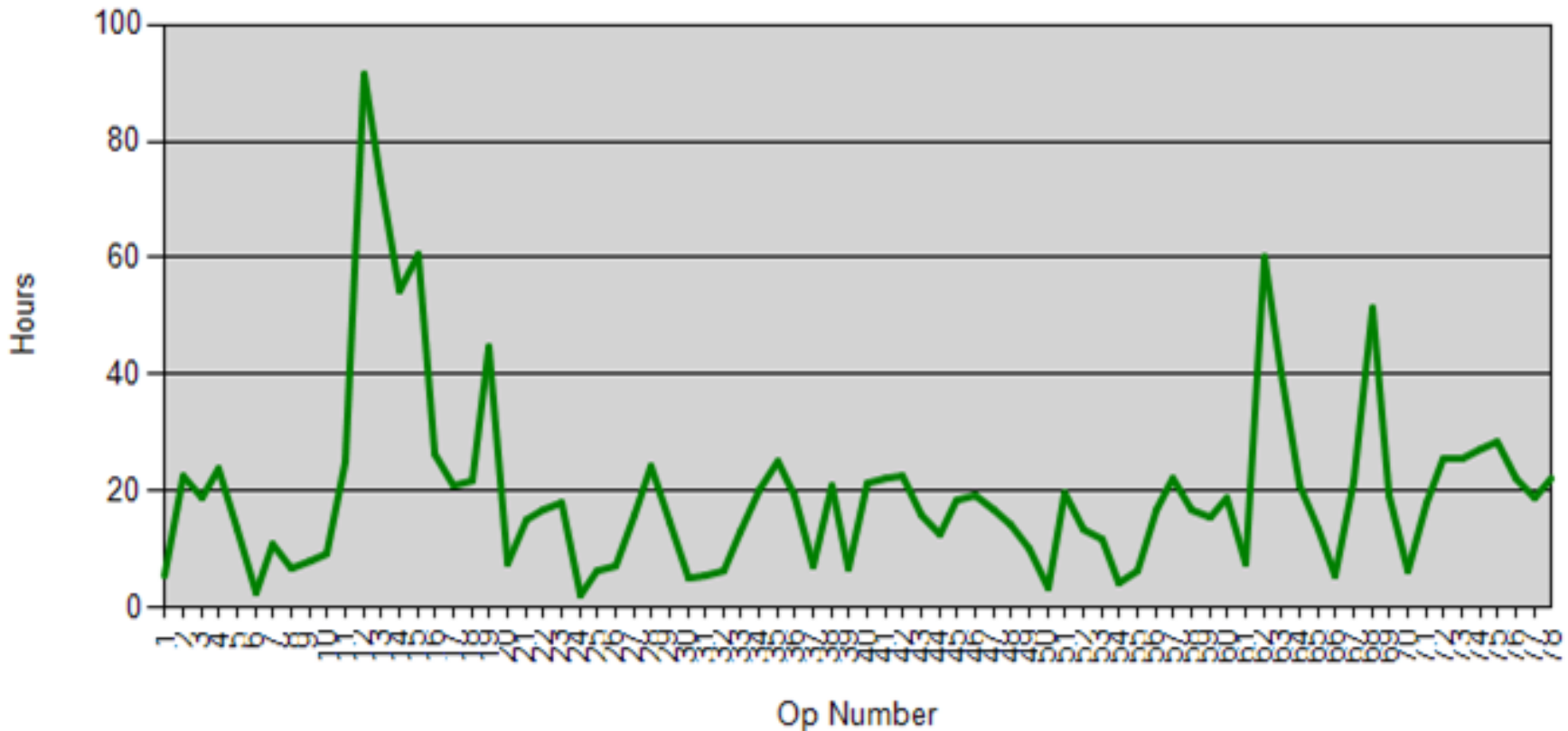
Trusted sites 100%

start Internet Explorer Microsoft Outlook Health Round Table... Masterclass agenda... Presentation1 - Mic... Riskman Reports.pp... Search Results 1:35

The Emergency Theatre Booking Reconciliation report provides us with data relating to the number of emergency cases booked, length of time from presentation to surgery, time of day when surgery occurs to actual procedure undertaken

**Emergency Theatre Booking – Hip Fracture Patients – Time to Surgery from ED Presentation –
chronologically Jan 2013 – October 2013**

Individual ED - Theatre Hours





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Calculation of Polypectomy Rate

Principal Procedure	Principal Procedure Name
32084-00	FIBROPTIC COLONOSCOPY T HEPATIC FLEXURE
32084-01	FIBROPTIC COLONOSCOPY HEPTC FLEXURE BX
32090-00	FIBROPTIC COLONOSCOPY TO CAECUM
32090-01	FIBROPTIC COLONOSCOPY TO CAECUM W BX
32093-00	FIBROPTIC COLONOSCOPY TO CAECUM W PP

Polypectomy Rate

Rate to be calculated from Principal Procedure

32093-00

32084-00+32084-01+32090-00+32090-01+32093-00

File Edit View Favorites Tools Help

Report Manager

SQL Server Reporting Services
Home > Dashboards > Theatre Dashboards >
Polypectomy Rates

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

Start Date: 1/01/2013 End Date: 30/09/2013 11:59:59 PM

Surgeon: (Null) Specialty: All

On ESIS WL: All Financial Class: (Null)

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Unit	Cases	Rate
Endoscopy	1122	28.1 %
	212	35.4 %
	206	35.4 %
	98	16.3 %
	92	33.7 %
	89	18.0 %
	83	19.3 %
	71	33.8 %
	62	22.6 %
	46	17.4 %
	45	20.0 %
	42	26.2 %
	37	18.9 %
	23	43.5 %
	7	42.9 %
	6	16.7 %
	3	33.3 %
General Surgery	57	17.5 %
	1179	27.6 %

Number of Colonoscopies undertaken by proceduralists. Polypectomy rate – data fed back to Endoscopy Unit and individual surgeons for comment

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SQL Server Reporting Services
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Theatre Cancellation Analysis

View **Properties** History Subscriptions

New Subscription

From Date 1/07/2013 To Date 20/11/2013

Unit (Null) Cancelled on day of Procedure True False

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Theatre Cancellation Analysis


01/07/2013 To 20/11/2013


	Jul 2013	Aug 2013	Sep 2013	Oct 2013	Nov 2013	Total
Bed Unavail - CCU	0	0	0	1	1	2
Bed Unavail - Ward	36	13	0	1	0	50
Clerical/Book Error	7	7	4	5	4	27
Elective Priority	30	12	17	17	8	84
Emergency Priority	14	9	19	14	9	65
Equipment Unavailabl	3	3	2	0	1	9
Hosp Staff Unavail	0	0	1	0	0	1
Pt Unprepared -Sefl	2	5	5	6	0	18
PT CHANGED PUB-PRIV	1	1	1	0	1	4
Pt DNA	3	3	0	4	2	12
Pt Postponed	61	59	77	77	48	322
Pt Unfit - Doctor	35	18	16	24	14	107
Pt Unprepared - Hosp	1	3	3	0	1	8
SURG N/REQ RESOLVED	15	13	22	20	14	84
Surg Unit Initiated	7	5	3	0	3	18
Surgeon Unavailable	17	14	20	6	16	73
Theatre Overbooked	3	5	5	7	4	24
Theatre Overrun	2	2	11	4	3	22
Total	237	172	206	186	129	930

All Cancellations



New Subscription

From Date 

To Date 

Unit 

Cancelled on day of Procedure True False

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Theatre Cancellation Analysis

01/07/2013 To 20/11/2013

	Jul 2013	Aug 2013	Sep 2013	Oct 2013	Nov 2013	Total
Bed Unavail - CCU	0	0	0	1	1	2
Bed Unavail - Ward	13	5	0	0	0	18
Clerical/ Book Error	3	2	1	1	2	9
Emergency Priority	6	6	7	5	5	29
Equipment Unavailabl	1	3	0	0	0	4
Pt Unprepared - Sefl	0	2	2	4	0	8
Pt DNA	2	3	0	4	2	11
Pt Postponed	4	3	5	5	2	19
Pt Unfit - Doctor	11	4	12	10	5	42
Pt Unprepared - Hosp	1	0	1	0	0	2
SURG N/REQ RESOLVED	2	2	2	6	0	12
Surg Unit Initiated	2	2	2	0	0	6
Surgeon Unavailable	13	2	5	1	0	21
Theatre Overbooked	0	2	1	2	2	7
Theatre Overrun	1	1	9	2	1	14
Total	59	37	47	41	20	204

All On the Day Cancellations



20/11/2013 10:20



SQL Server Reporting Services
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Theatre Cancellation Analysis

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

From Date To Date

Unit Cancelled on day of Procedure True False

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Theatre Cancellation Analysis 01/07/2013 To 20/11/2013

	Jul 2013	Aug 2013	Sep 2013	Oct 2013	Nov 2013	Total
Bed Unavail - Ward	3	0	0	0	0	3
Emergency Priority	2	4	1	0	3	10
Pt DNA	0	1	0	0	0	1
Pt Postponed	1	0	1	1	0	3
Pt Unfit - Doctor	1	2	3	3	0	9
SURG N/REQ RESOLVED	0	1	0	0	0	1
Surgeon Unavailable	0	0	3	0	0	3
Theatre Overbooked	0	0	0	1	0	1
Theatre Overrun	0	1	2	0	0	3
Total	7	9	10	5	3	34

Orthopaedic Unit On the Day Cancellations



20/11/2013 10:22



SQL Server Reporting Services
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Theatre Cancellation Details

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Theatre Cancellation Details

Pt Unfit - Doctor

Cancel Date	Same Day	UR No	Procedure	Book Date	WL Pri	WL Days	Cons
20131004	Yes	441818	TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT	20130809			KOLAST
20131002	Yes	141667	ARTHROSCOPY OF KNEE	20130902	2	30	ENGLS
20131002	Yes	226498	TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT	20130920			DILLST

20/11/2013 10:23

**Orthopaedic Patient – Pt Unfit -
Doctor Cancellations**





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Theatre Procedure Analysis

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

Start Date	<input type="text" value="4/11/2013"/>	End Date	<input type="text" value="10/11/2013 11:59:59 PM"/>
Theatre	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>	Unit	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>
Surgeon	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>	Surgical Registrar	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>
Anaesthetist	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>	Anaesthetic Registrar	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>
On ESIS WL	<input type="text" value="All"/>		

1 of 8 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Theatre Procedure Analysis

04/11/2013 To 10/11/2013

[BHS Home](#)

Parameters: / / / /

Surgery Start Time

		OPR1	OPR2	OPR3	OPR4	OPR5	OPR6	OPR7	PROC2	RAD	Rm1CVS
04 Nov 2013	Mon	14:06	13:42	08:55	08:51	08:32	09:14		13:43		08:35
05 Nov 2013	Tue	09:03		08:48	08:59	09:41	08:47		08:45		08:59
06 Nov 2013	Wed	08:39	09:16	07:46	08:42	08:55	08:47		08:39	13:56	08:40
07 Nov 2013	Thu		08:47	08:38	08:43	08:55	15:04		08:38		08:56
08 Nov 2013	Fri				19:25			09:16			
09 Nov 2013	Sat				10:01						
10 Nov 2013	Sun			19:21	09:26						

21/11/2013 16:38





Theatre Procedure Analysis

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

Start Date	<input type="text" value="4/11/2013"/>	End Date	<input type="text" value="10/11/2013 11:59:59 PM"/>
Theatre	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>	Unit	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>
Surgeon	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>	Surgical Registrar	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>
Anaesthetist	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>	Anaesthetic Registrar	<input type="text" value="(Null)"/>
On ESIS WL	<input type="text" value="All"/>		

3 of 8 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Theatre Procedure Analysis

04/11/2013 To 10/11/2013

[BHS Home](#)

Parameters: / / /

Contact Hours

	07:00 - 12:30		12:30 - 17:30		17:30 - 24:00		24:00 - 07:00		Total Hrs		
	Contact Hrs	# Patients	Contact Hrs	# Patients	Contact Hrs	# Patients	Contact Hrs	# Patients	Contact Hrs	# Patients	
04 Nov 2013	Mon	27.42	18	28.62	33	4.55	4	-	0	60.58	55
05 Nov 2013	Tue	24.47	26	21.73	21	3.37	3	-	0	49.57	50
06 Nov 2013	Wed	31.03	31	24.13	23	3.72	3	0.42	1	59.30	58
07 Nov 2013	Thu	22.00	26	19.32	15	4.72	3	-	0	46.03	44
08 Nov 2013	Fri	3.35	3	3.80	3	4.10	3	3.70	3	14.95	12
09 Nov 2013	Sat	3.88	2	1.52	2	-	0	0.68	1	6.08	5
10 Nov 2013	Sun	3.32	3	5.05	3	4.73	4	-	0	13.10	10
Total Hrs		115.47	109	104.17	100	25.18	20	4.80	5	249.62	234

21/11/2013 18:38





View **Properties** History Subscriptions

New Subscription

Start Date: End Date:

Theatre: Unit:

Surgeon: Surgical Registrar:

Anaesthetist: Anaesthetic Registrar:

On ESIS WL:

8 of 8 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

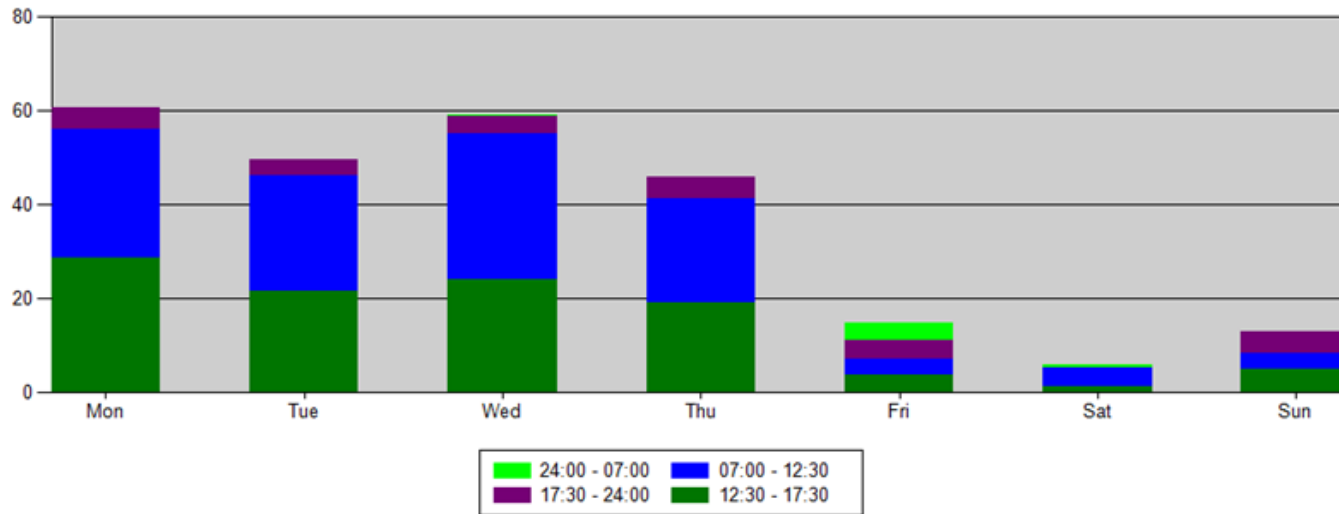
Theatre Procedure Analysis

04/11/2013 To 10/11/2013

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Contact Hours





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View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

From Date: 1/07/2012 To Date: 20/11/2013

Unit: (Null) Surgeon: (Null)

On ESIS WL: No PPP: (Null)

Procedure Code: 30572-00 NULL PPP Code: NULL

Claim Type: (Null)

1 of 3 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Pick a Procedure

By Surgeon

30572-00					
Laparoscopic appendectomy					
Proc Count	Avg Surg Dur (Mins)	Avg The Dur (Mins)	Avg LoS (Days)	Est LoS	
1	28	55	1.83	0.00	
24	60	92	2.31	0.00	
2	72	98	1.75	0.00	
26	43	77	1.98	0.00	
11	55	86	2.45	0.00	
1	43	74	0.79	0.00	
1	62	95	1.75	0.00	
1	39	77	1.63	0.00	
36	42	78	3.28	0.00	
4	57	80	2.32	0.00	
5	70	104	1.84	0.00	
2	58	89	2.21	0.00	
1	23	64	2.25	0.00	
4	69	98	1.54	0.00	
7	58	103	2.74	0.00	
4	53	90	1.40	0.00	

Lap Append

Clinician
S



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Top 20 Procedure Durations

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

From Date: To Date:

Unit: Surgeon:

On ESIS WL: PPP:

Procedure Code: NULL PPP Code: NULL

Claim Type:

1 of 3 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

30445-00					
Laparoscopic cholecystectomy					
Proc Count	Avg Surg Dur (Mins)	Avg The Dur (Mins)	Avg LoS (Days)	Est LoS	
21	80	123	<u>2.15</u>	1.14	
27	78	113	<u>1.30</u>	1.19	
10	70	101	<u>1.50</u>	1.00	
21	83	125	<u>1.42</u>	1.24	
18	82	126	<u>1.23</u>	1.56	
1	119	145	<u>1.13</u>	2.00	
1	52	85	<u>2.25</u>	1.00	
2	74	117	<u>4.62</u>	1.50	
1	136	175	<u>3.17</u>	1.00	
29	67	104	<u>2.00</u>	1.24	
15	91	139	<u>1.87</u>	1.13	
1	91	125	<u>1.21</u>	1.00	
3	88	133	<u>1.53</u>	2.00	
1	50	97	<u>1.00</u>	1.00	
15	60	106	<u>1.28</u>	1.33	
18	68	103	<u>2.04</u>	1.33	
184	76	116	<u>1.70</u>	1.26	

Clinician
S

Lap Chole



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ESIS KPI (L1)

[View](#) [Executive](#) [History](#) [Subscriptions](#)

New Subscription

Start Date

To Date

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Elective Surgery KPI (L1)

[BHS Home](#)

01/10/2013 To 21/11/2013

[Victorian Health Services Performance Home Page](#)

KPI	Description	Actual	Target	
8	% of Cat 1 elective patients admitted within 30 days	100	100	%
9	% of Cat 2 elective patients admitted within 90 days	73.3	80	%
10	% of Cat 3 elective patients admitted within 365 days	93.5	94.5	%
11	No. of patients on the elective surgery waiting list	1003	1090	
12	Hospital Initiated Postponements (HIPS)	5.7	8	
13	No. of patients admitted from ESWL	890	1285	
	% of Cat 2 elective patients waiting 90 days or less	72.6	0	%
	% of Cat 3 elective patients waiting 365 days or less	92.7	0	%

21/11/2013 15:59



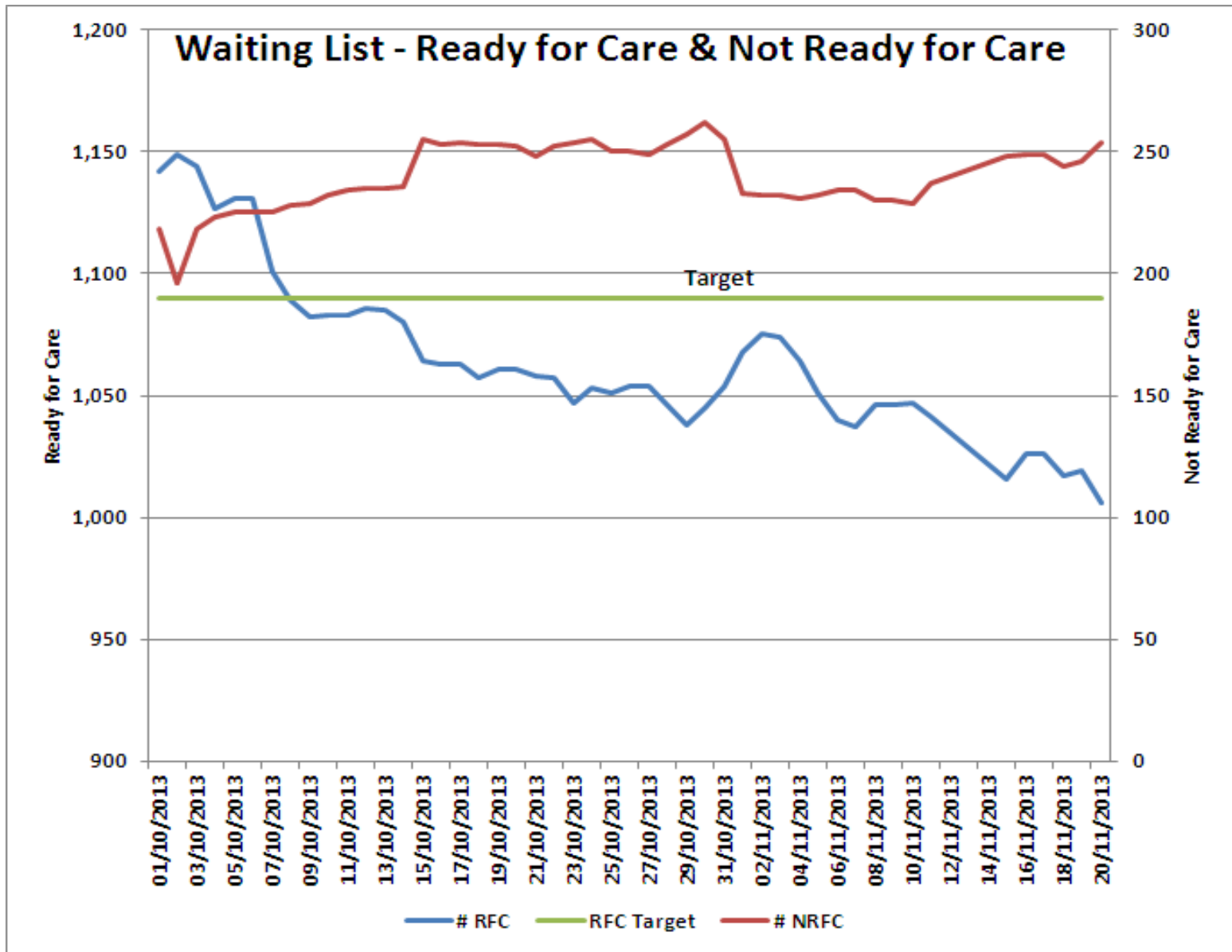
New Subscription

From Date: 1/10/2013 To Date: 21/11/2013

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format

WDate	# RFC	# NRFC	RFC Target
01/10/2013	1142	218	1090
02/10/2013	1149	196	1090
03/10/2013	1144	218	1090
04/10/2013	1127	223	1090
05/10/2013	1131	225	1090
06/10/2013	1131	225	1090
07/10/2013	1101	225	1090
08/10/2013	1089	228	1090
09/10/2013	1082	229	1090
10/10/2013	1083	232	1090
11/10/2013	1083	234	1090
12/10/2013	1086	235	1090
13/10/2013	1085	235	1090
14/10/2013	1080	236	1090
15/10/2013	1064	255	1090
16/10/2013	1063	253	1090
17/10/2013	1063	254	1090
18/10/2013	1057	253	1090
19/10/2013	1061	253	1090
20/10/2013	1061	252	1090
21/10/2013	1058	248	1090
22/10/2013	1057	252	1090
23/10/2013	1047	254	1090
24/10/2013	1053	255	1090
25/10/2013	1051	250	1090
26/10/2013	1054	250	1090
27/10/2013	1054	249	1090
28/10/2013	1044	257	1090

Waiting List – Ready for Care & Not Ready for Care Movement on a Daily Basis



Over the past 3 months we have developed a number of other reports.....

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- CVS - Radiology Weekly Report
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Readmission Report March 3rd – March 13th



SQL Server Reporting Services
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Readmission Report

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Search for:

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

From Date: To Date:
Number of Days: Unit:
Procedure code: NULL DRG code: NULL

View Rep

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Readmission Report 03/03/2014 To 13/03/2014 [BHS Home](#)

UR No	Adm No	Surg/Adm Date	Procedure/Diagnosis	Proc Code	Disch Date	On WL	DRG	DRG Description	Consultant	Age	Sex
<input type="checkbox"/> 189875	2896902	03/03/2014	TONSILLECTOMY & ADENOIDECTOMY	011	04/03/2014	Y			DONOST	18	F
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 070441	2983493	05/03/2014	COLONOSCOPY	650	05/03/2014	Y			PEKIM	75	F
<input type="checkbox"/> 3679	2981987	03/03/2014	GASTROSCOPY	645	03/03/2014	Y			HAMEES	55	M
<input type="checkbox"/> 180278	2999959	03/03/2014	NON WAIT LIST PROC	200	03/03/2014	Y			LUSCS	25	F
<input type="checkbox"/> 227507	3002647	04/03/2014	FISTULOGRAM	682	04/03/2014	Y			CVSCA	81	M
<input type="checkbox"/> 161128	2984347	03/03/2014	Gastroscopy Colonoscopy Polypectomy		04/03/2014	N			ALAN	66	F
<input type="checkbox"/> 271693	3007159	06/03/2014	HAEMODIALYSIS		06/03/2014	N	L61Z	Haemodialysis	CVSCA	74	M
<input type="checkbox"/> 020693	3004940	06/03/2014	CORONARY ANGIOGRAM +/- PCT		07/03/2014	N			CVSCA	79	F

Click and it expands

- Discriminators**
- Number of days
 - Unit
 - Procedure code
 - DRG Code

Readmission Report March 3rd – March 13th

New Subscription

From Date: 3/03/2014 To Date: 13/03/2014

Number of Days: 30 Unit: (Null)

Procedure code: NULL DRG code: NULL

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Readmission Report

03/03/2014 To 13/03/2014 [BHS Home](#)

UR No	Adm No	Surg/Adm Date	Procedure/Diagnosis	Proc Code	Disch Date	On WL	DRG	DRG Description	Consultant	Age	Sex
139875	2896902	03/03/2014	TONSILLECTOMY & ADENOIDECTOMY	011	04/03/2014	Y			DONOST	18	F
	3010504	08/03/2014	POST OP TONSILECTOMY BLEED								
073441	2983493	05/03/2014	COLONOSCOPY	650	05/03/2014	Y			PEKIM	75	F
	3014512	13/03/2014	ASCITES 2 ABDO MASS								
263679	2981987	03/03/2014	GASTROSCOPY	645	03/03/2014	Y			HAMEES	55	M
186278	2999959	03/03/2014	NO WAIT LIST PROC	200	03/03/2014	Y			LUSCS	25	F
227507	3002647	04/03/2014	FISTULOGRAM	682	04/03/2014	Y			CVSCA	81	M
	3005285	05/03/2014									
	3008388	07/03/2014	DIALYSIS								
	3010775	10/03/2014	DIALYSIS								
	3011004	12/03/2014									
161128	2984347	03/03/2014	Gastroscopy Colonoscopy Polypectomy		04/03/2014	N			ALAN	66	F
271693	3007159	06/03/2014	HAEMODIALYSIS		06/03/2014	N	L61Z	Haemodialysis	CVSCA	74	M
020693	3004940	06/03/2014	CORONARY ANGIOGRAM +/- PCI		07/03/2014	N			CVSCA	79	F

Provides details of Procedure/Diagnosis associated with the admission

Time Line Report

Matthew Presentation March 25th.ppt [Compatibility Mode] - Microsoft PowerPoint

File Home Insert Design Transitions Animations Slide Show Review View

Timeline Viewer

Patient UR: Events: BD BOS DEC ED ICU IPC IPD IPP MH OP PROC RIMS VHIMS WL

Date Range: All

BasG
115542

Jan 14 Feb 14 Mar 14 Apr 14 May 14 Jun 14 Jul 14 Aug 14 Sep 14 Oct 14 Nov 14 Dec 14 31/12/2014

Legend

- BD
- BOS
- DEC
- ED
- ICU
- IPC
- IPD
- IPP
- MH
- OP
- PROC
- RIMS
- VHIMS
- WL
- Undefined

Benchmark Design Timeline

UR: 139875

Event	Start	End	Description
OP	24/02/2014	24/02/2014	PAC - TELEPHONE (PDU)
IPD	03/03/2014	04/03/2014	TONSILLECTOMY^
PROC	03/03/2014	03/03/2014	TONSILLECTOMY
BD	03/03/2014	03/03/2014	2NS 1B
ED	07/03/2014	07/03/2014	5 DAYS POST TONSILECTOMY. ONLY TAKING SIPS OF H2O
IPD	08/03/2014	09/03/2014	POST OP TONSILECTOMY BLEED
BD	08/03/2014	08/03/2014	2N 02C
OP	18/03/2014	18/03/2014	EAR, NOSE & THROAT CLINIC 1

Multiple Procedures Report March 3rd – March 13th

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

From Date: 3/03/2014 To Date: 13/03/2014 View Report

Unit: (Null) Procedure code: NULL

DRG code: NULL

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Multiple Procedures Report 03/03/2014 To 13/03/2014 [BHS Home](#)

UR No	Adm No	Op No	Adm/Surg Date	Diagnosis/Procedure	CMBS Code	Operation Description	Disch Date	On WL	Consultant	Age	Sex
360994	2894325		12/02/2014	RIGHT TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT(T.M/TRILOGY)				Y	NELSST	61	M
231448	2983906		05/03/2014	COLONOSCOPY & GASTROSCOPY +/- BIOPSY (ASPRIN)			10/03/2014	Y	FISHES	79	M
058003	2996462		03/03/2014	DEBRIDE +/- VAC DRESSING +/- WOUND CLOSURE RIGHT ANTERIOR DISTAL TIBIA WOUND^			12/03/2014	Y	RUSSST	43	M
410086	2969148		06/03/2014	(CESI)LAP CHOLECYSTECTOMY & ? OP CHOLANGIOGRAM				Y	CONDST	69	M
115342	2997880		05/03/2014	ARTHROSCOPY OF LEFT KNEE & MEDIAL MENISCECTOMY^				Y	DILLST	46	F
452413	3003354		02/03/2014	SEPTIC ARTHRITIS			12/03/2014	N	AH	42	M
449184	3005894		06/03/2014	L NEPHROSTOMY TUBE INSERTION (ADMIT 730)				Y	CVSCA	68	M
452087	2998871		26/02/2014	POST I.V. ANTI S (?REVIEW)			13/03/2014	N	CVSCA	1	F
423327	3000115		27/02/2014	PANCREATITIS			12/03/2014	N	ERCP2	25	F
161128	3011074		10/03/2014	ANAEMIA				N	PEKIM	66	F

Click and it expands

- Discriminators**

 - Unit
 - Procedure code
 - DRG Code

View Properties History Subscriptions

New Subscription

From Date: To Date:
Unit: Procedure code: NULL
DRG code: NULL

View Report

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Multiple Procedures Report

03/03/2014 To 13/03/2014

[BHS Home](#)

UR No	Adm No	Op No	Adm/Surg Date	Diagnosis/Procedure	CMBS Code	Operation Description	Disch Date	On WL	Consultant	Age	Sex
360994	2894325		12/02/2014	RIGHT TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT(T.M/TRILOGY)				Y	NELSST	61	M
231448	2983906		05/03/2014	COLONOSCOPY & GASTROSCOPY +/- BIOPSY (ASPRIN)			10/03/2014	Y	FISHES	79	M
058633	2996462		03/03/2014	DEBRIDE +/- VAC DRESSING +/- WOUND CLOSURE RIGHT ANTERIOR DISTAL TIBIA WOUND^			12/03/2014	Y	RUSSST	43	M
410086	2969148		06/03/2014	(CESF)LAP CHOLECYSTECTOMY & ? OP CHOLANGIOGRAM				Y	CONDST	69	M
		208574	06/03/2014	LAP CHOLECYSTECTOMY & OP CHOLANGIOGRAM		LAPAROSCOPIC CONVERTED TO OPEN CHOLECYSTECTOMY BILLIARY STENT AND OPERATIVE CHOLANGIOGRAM			CONDST		
		209183	12/03/2014		30484	E.R.C.P.			ERC2		
115542	2997880		05/03/2014	ARTHROSCOPY OF LEFT KNEE & MEDIAL MENISCECTOMY^				Y	DILLST	46	F
452418	3003354		02/03/2014	SEPTIC ARTHRITIS			12/03/2014	N	AH	42	M
449184	3005894		06/03/2014	L NEPHROSTOMY TUBE INSERTION (ADMIT 730)				Y	CVSCA	68	M
452087	2998871		26/02/2014	POST I.V. ANTI S (?REVIEW)			13/03/2014	N	CVSCA	1	F
423327	3000115		27/02/2014	PANCREATITIS			12/03/2014	N	ERC2	25	F
161128	3011074		10/03/2014	ANAEMIA				N	PEKIM	66	F

13/03/2014 17:51

Opens up to provide details of procedures

Draft Nurse Unit Managers Report

New Subscription

Start Date: 1/03/2014 End Date: 13/03/2014 View

Ward: 2N Unit: ORTHOPAEDIC (A)

Discharged: True False NULL Consultant: NULL

1 of 1 100% Find | Next Select a format Export

Nurse Unit Manager Activity Report

[BHS Home](#)

01/03/2014 To 13/03/2014 Ward: 2N Unit: ORTHOPAEDIC (A)

UR No	Adm Date	Cons	On WL	Act LOS	Plan LOS	Est LOS	Diff LOS	Surg (Y/N)	Exp Discharge	Exp Discharge Comments	Proc Code	Procedure	Diagnosis
256010	01/03/2014 13:30	ENGLS	N	4	0		-4	Y	01/03/2014				LEFT INTRATROCHANTERIC FRACTURE OF FEMUR
018467	01/03/2014 14:04	ENGLS	N	1	0		-1	Y	01/03/2014				# WRIST
121903	01/03/2014 17:43	ENGLS	N	1	0		-1	N	01/03/2014				post relocation of L prosthetic hip
346207	01/03/2014 18:19	ENGLS	N	3	0		-3	Y	01/03/2014				-#/dislocation L ankle
073527	02/03/2014 06:34	ENGLS	N	11	0		-11	Y	02/03/2014				# FEMUR
179684	02/03/2014 08:00	ENGLS	N	1	0		-1	Y	02/03/2014				GAMP LEFT WRIST
322754	03/03/2014 07:00	DILLJ	Y	2	4	4	2	Y	07/03/2014		114	TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT	LEFT TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT (ASPRIN)
186290	03/03/2014 10:34	RUSSM	Y	3	3	3	0	Y	06/03/2014		113	TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT	LEFT TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT
058633	03/03/2014 12:22	RUSSM	Y	9	1	1	-8	Y	04/03/2014				DEBRIDE +/- VAC DRESSING +/- WOUND CLOSURE RIGHT ANTERIOR DISTAL TIBIA WOUND^
058633	03/03/2014 12:22	RUSSM	Y	9	1	1	-8	Y	04/03/2014		130	OTHER ORTHOPAEDIC SURGERY	DEBRIDE +/- VAC DRESSING +/- WOUND CLOSURE RIGHT ANTERIOR DISTAL TIBIA WOUND^
188604	03/03/2014 16:17	RUAAM	N	4	0		-4	N	03/03/2014				L) OLECRANON BURSITIS
305101	03/03/2014 17:13	RUAAM	N	6	0		-6	Y	03/03/2014				SEPTIC ARTHRITIS R) KNEE
237119	03/03/2014 20:22	RUSSM	N	10	0		-10	Y	03/03/2014				# PELVIS
069988	03/03/2014 22:53	RUSSM	N	4	0		-4	N	03/03/2014				SEPTIC KNEE
446327	04/03/2014 07:09	MASOS	Y	2	3	3	1	Y	07/03/2014		113	TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT	RIGHT TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT +/-BONEGRAFT
096946	04/03/2014 07:10	MITCD	Y	1	3	3	2	Y	07/03/2014		113	TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT	RIGHT TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT - CORAL/PINNACLE
017311	04/03/2014 07:31	MITCD	Y	1	0	0	-1	Y	04/03/2014		115	EXCISION/REPAIR OF BUNION & OTHER TOE (CLAW, HAMMER	RIGHT FOREFOOT GIRDESTONE TRANSFER 2ND-5TH^

In Summary

Ballarat Health Service has develop a range of Dashboard Reports which provide relevant and timely information relation to the activity of Perioperative Services.

The reports are accessed daily, weekly and monthly with the data used in local workplace area to the Board. It has helped enormously in supporting business cases and attracting funding



Ballarat Health Services
Putting your health first